

Corporate Governance

The Board	68
Corporate Governance Report	71
Report of the Audit Committee	84
Report of the Nomination Committee	88
Report of the Remuneration Committee	90
Report of the Directors	103
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	107

The Board

The Group's non-executive Directors are:



John B. McGuckian BSc (Econ)

Chairman

John B. McGuckian, aged 81, has been a Director for 33 years having been appointed as a non-executive Director in 1988 and Chairman in 2004. He has a wide range of interests, both in Ireland and internationally. He is also a Director of Cooneen Textiles Limited. He is a former Director of a number of listed companies and he has previously acted as the Chairman of; the International Fund for Ireland, the Industrial Development Board for Northern Ireland, UTV Media plc and as Senior Pro-Chancellor and Chairman of the Senate of the Queen's University of Belfast.



Catherine Duffy BA LegSc, DipLeg Stds

Independent Director

Catherine Duffy, aged 59, has been a Director for nine years having been appointed to the Board in 2012.

Catherine was a Senior Partner and former Chair of law firm A&L Goodbody specialising in Banking and Financial Services. Catherine is a member and a former Chair of the International Legal Advisory Panel to the Aviation Working Group of Unidroit. She was previously a non-executive Director of Beaumont Hospital and a member of the first Advisory Group to the Irish Maritime Development Office, a government sponsored organisation set up to promote and assist the development of Irish shipping and shipping services.

Committee Membership: Audit Committee, Nomination Committee (Chairperson) and Remuneration Committee



Brian O'Kelly BBS, FCA

Senior Independent Director

Brian O'Kelly, aged 58, has been a Director for eight years having been appointed to the Board in 2013. Brian is Co-Head of Investment Banking in Goodbody having previously been Managing Director of Goodbody Corporate Finance. He is an executive director of Ganmac Holdings, the parent company of Goodbody. Brian qualified as a Chartered Accountant with KPMG and was subsequently a Director of ABN AMRO Corporate Finance. He is a member of the Listing Committee of Euronext Dublin.

Committee Membership: Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee (Chairperson), Nomination Committee



John Sheehan FCA

Independent Director

John Sheehan, aged 55, was appointed to the Board in October 2013. John holds a senior position with Ardagh Group, a leading operator in the global glass and metal packaging sector with operations principally in Europe and North America. John has over 20 years of experience at management level with exposure to international acquisition and development projects. He was formerly Head of Equity Sales at NCB Stockbrokers, now part of Tilman Brewin Dolphin, where he spent 13 years in a range of roles and directly covered various industry sectors including transport and aviation. John qualified as a Chartered Accountant with PwC.

Committee Membership: Audit Committee (Chairperson), Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee



Lesley Williams B.Comm, AIIIMR, FCISI

Independent Director

Lesley Williams, aged 55, was appointed to the Board in January 2021. Lesley has over 25 years' experience in capital markets having held senior positions with Investec Bank plc as Head of Irish Equities, Euronext Dublin (formerly the Irish Stock Exchange) as Head of Irish Market and Goodbody Stockbrokers as Head of Institutional Equity Sales. Lesley holds a number of independent non-executive directorships in the asset management and International fund sectors. She is also a past director of Dublin Port Company where she held the position of Chairperson of the Audit and Risk Committee. Lesley is an Associate member of the Chartered Financial Analyst Institute (CFA) from which she also holds a certificate in ESG investing and is a Fellow of the Chartered Institute for Securities and Investment.

The Board

The Group's executive Directors are:



Eamonn Rothwell BComm, MBS, FCCA, CFA UK

Chief Executive Officer

Eamonn Rothwell, aged 65, has been a Director for 34 years having been appointed as a non-executive Director in 1987 and subsequently to the position of Chief Executive Officer in 1992. He is also a Director of Interferry European Office A.I.S.B.L. He is a former Director of The United Kingdom Mutual War Risks Association Limited, Interferry Inc and The United Kingdom Mutual Steam Ship Assurance Association (Bermuda) Limited. He is a past executive Director of former stockbrokers NCB Group, now part of Tilman Brewin Dolphin. Prior to that, he worked with Allied Irish Banks plc and Fáilte Ireland (The Irish Tourist Board).

Committee Membership: Nomination Committee



David Ledwidge FCA, BSc (Mgmt)

Chief Financial Officer

David Ledwidge, aged 41, was appointed to the Board on 3 March 2016. David joined the Group in 2006 from professional services firm Deloitte where he qualified as a Chartered Accountant. He has held various financial positions within the Group, including Group Risk Accountant, and most recently as Finance Director of Irish Ferries. He was appointed to his current role as Group Chief Financial Officer in May 2015.

The company secretary is:



Thomas Corcoran BComm, FCA

Company Secretary

Thomas Corcoran, aged 56, joined the Company in 1989 from the international professional services firm PwC, where he qualified as a Chartered Accountant. He has held a number of financial positions within the Group and is currently Group Financial Controller and Company Secretary. He was appointed Company Secretary in 2001.

Corporate Governance Report

71



Dear Shareholder,

Corporate Governance is concerned with how companies are directed and controlled. Your Board acknowledges the importance of, and is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance practices. We strongly believe that good corporate governance supports the delivery of our strategy and is essential to long-term sustainable growth and maintenance of shareholder value. The Board sets the tone for governance practices across the whole Group.

The Group applies the principles and provisions of The UK Corporate Governance Code (the Code) issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the Irish Corporate Governance Annex (the Irish Annex) issued by Euronext Dublin. We are reporting against the July 2018 edition of the Code.

The Corporate Governance Report explains how the Group has applied the principles set out in the Code and the Irish Annex. While we acknowledge that the Code sets overall current best practice expectations, your Board reserves its discretion not to apply certain provisions where they may not be compatible with its business model and / or its legal obligations. In these circumstances an explanation is provided.

Your Board currently comprises two executive and five non-executive Directors. Further details on Board composition is set out on pages 68 to 70. During the year I led the annual board evaluation and concluded that the Board was as a whole operating effectively for the long-term success of the Group.

The reports from the Committee chairmen are set out on pages 84 to 102.

The business conditions we face create opportunities and challenges going forward and I look forward to continuing open and constructive debate and ensuring that our corporate governance practices remain appropriate to assist in the future sustainable growth of the Group.

John B. McGuckian

Corporate Governance Report

Corporate Governance Code

The Group is committed to the principles of corporate governance contained in the UK Corporate Governance Code (the Code) issued in July 2018 by the Financial Reporting Council, as adopted by Euronext Dublin, for which the Board is accountable to shareholders. The Irish Corporate Governance Annex (the Irish Annex) issued by Euronext Dublin also applies to the Group.

The Board considers that, having explained in this Corporate Governance Report, throughout the period under review the Group has been in compliance with the provisions of the Code and the requirements set out in the Irish Annex. This Corporate Governance Report at page 74 explains the Group's approach to workforce engagement, and at page 76 notes that the Chairman's tenure exceeds nine years. The Report of the Remuneration Committee at page 101 explains why in relation to one Director a notice period in excess of one year may apply in limited circumstances.

The Code required the Board to describe in its Annual Report how the interests of key stakeholders and the matters set out in Section 172 of the United Kingdom Companies Act of 2006 have been considered in board discussions and decision making. While Irish Continental Group is incorporated in Ireland and not subject to UK legislation, the Board is satisfied that these matters have been addressed in discussions and disclosures throughout this Annual Report including discussion on strategy and business model, business review, risk processes, environmental matters and employee engagement.

The Code can be viewed on the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC) website (www.frc.org.uk) and the Irish Annex on Euronext Dublin website (www.euronext.com).

Board Leadership and Company Purpose

The Board is collectively responsible for the long-term sustainable success of the Group through provision of leadership within a framework of prudent and effective controls which enables risk to be assessed and managed. Pursuant to the Constitution, the Directors of the Company are empowered to exercise all such powers as are necessary to manage and run the Company, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2014.

In discharging this responsibility the Board has adopted a formal schedule of matters specifically reserved to it for decision, which covers key areas of the Group's business including approval of financial statements, budgets (including capital expenditure), acquisitions or disposals, dividends and share redemptions, board appointments and setting the risk appetite. Certain additional matters are delegated to Board Committees.

Group Strategy and Corporate Governance

On page 20 we describe the Group's strategy. This strategy is supported by our five strategic pillars, consideration of which is interwoven throughout the Board agenda for each meeting.

Strategic pillar	Board activities
<p>Quality service</p> <p>Investment in quality assets is essential to ensure a reliable, timely and high-quality service to our customers which is essential to retaining the Group's pivotal position in Ireland's international logistics chain.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The oversight and monitoring of performance of the fleet, investment evaluation and approval including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Vessel upgrade works involving customer facing and background technical improvements. - Effectiveness of investment in EGCS throughout the fleet in response to new fuel regulations. - Assessment of the Inland Port concession. - Ongoing container terminal automation and booking systems.
<p>People and culture</p> <p>Our customers' experience is directly affected through their interaction with our employees and third-party contractors.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overview of service quality reports. • Monitoring of feedback from staff briefing sessions. • Monitoring of Covid-19 initiatives to ensure safety of customers, employees and agency staff. • Review of whistleblowing procedures.
<p>Financial management</p> <p>Pursuit of investment opportunities within stringent risk and reward hurdles and avoidance of speculative financial positions.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitoring of financial liquidity and headroom. • Engagement with lenders against the challenges introduced by Covid-19. • Challenge of investment proposals presented by the executive team in terms of resilience and risk appetite. • Ongoing consideration of commodity and currency exposures.
<p>Safety</p> <p>The operational safety of our vessels and terminal facilities is paramount to maintaining the reputation of our brands which is vital to future success and a strong safety culture is promoted across all activities.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oversight of operational safety reviews. • Review of arrangements introduced to protect customers, staff and crew aboard our vessels against Covid-19. • Briefings by the Risk Management Committee.
<p>Sustainability</p> <p>The Group seeks to minimise the impact of its activities on the environment through constant innovation, efficiency and awareness.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Board has oversight of Group compliance with existing regulations and potential effects of new regulations. • Approval of new investment is conditional on the project meeting known future regulations and improving the Group's environmental performance. • The Board has overseen the development of a culture of environmental awareness throughout the Group embodied within an environmental framework to drive continuous improvement. • Approval of new initiative to develop ESG awareness across the Group.

Corporate Governance Report

Continued

Communications with Shareholders

The Board promotes good communications with shareholders and the Group commits resources to shareholder communication commensurate with its size. Other than during close periods and subject to the requirements of the Takeover Code, when applicable, the Chief Executive and the Chief Financial Officer have a regular dialogue with its major shareholders throughout the year and report on these meetings to the Board. The Senior Independent Director is also available on request to meet with major shareholders.

The Board encourages communications with shareholders and welcomes their participation at all general meetings of the Company. The Board notes that at the 2020 AGM, held on 28 July 2020, the advisory resolution to receive the Report of the Remuneration Committee for the year ended 31 December 2019 received 70 per cent support. There had been extensive communication with major shareholders prior to the meeting with further opportunity to raise any corporate governance concerns at subsequent meetings since then. Further information is contained in the Report of the Remuneration Committee.

Regular formal updates are provided to shareholders and are available on the Group's website. During 2020 these included Trading Updates, the Half-Yearly Financial Report, and the Annual Report and Financial Statements together with investor presentations. Irish Continental Group's website, www.icg.ie, also provides access to other corporate and financial information, including all regulatory announcements and a link to the current ICG Unit price.

The 2021 Annual General Meeting is scheduled for 12 May 2021. Arrangements will be made for the 2020 Annual Report and 2021 Annual General Meeting Notice to be available to shareholders 20 working days before the meeting and for the level of proxy votes cast for and against each resolution and the number of abstentions, to be announced at the meeting. Further details on the procedures applicable to general meetings are set out on pages 80 to 81.

Further investor relations information is available on pages 198 to 201 of this Report.

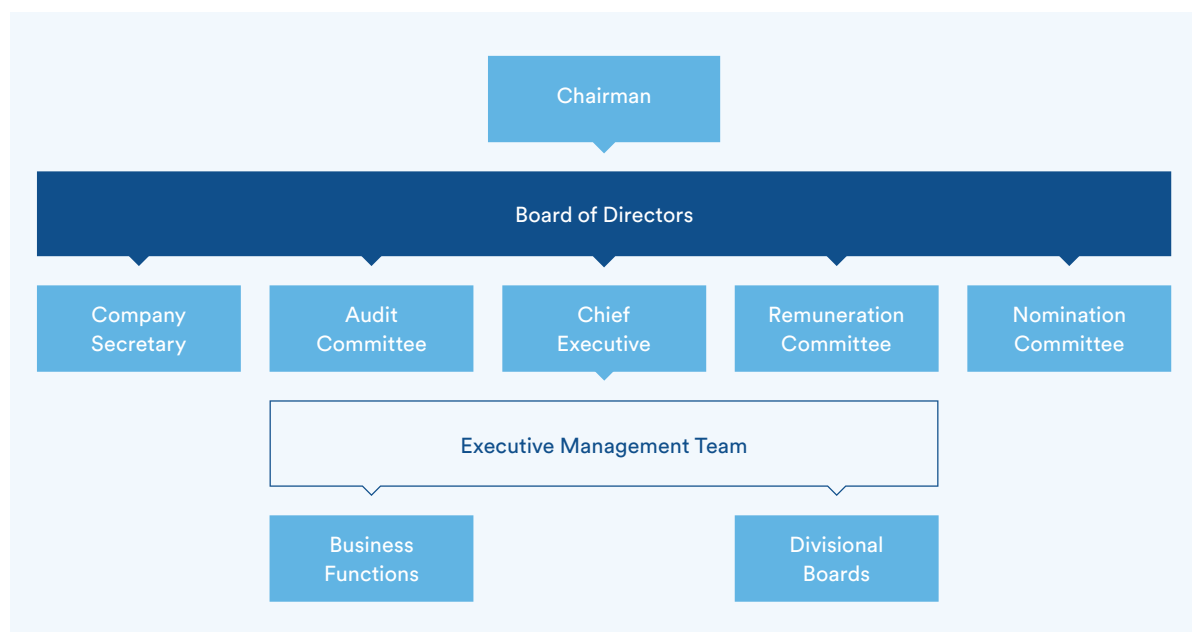
Workforce Engagement

The Board notes the Code provision relating to workforce engagement and the methods which might be used to effect same. The Board has considered these against the nature of the manner in which the Group's activities are performed. As is common practice in the maritime sector, our vessels are crewed through third-party managers. The Group has no legal rights to engage with the individual crew members who are directed and controlled by the third-party manager. The Group ensures that the third-party crews carry out their functions to required standards through the monitoring of service levels on board vessels. The contracts between the Group and the crewing managers include detailed service level arrangements and requirements that the third-party adhere to international IMO regulations regarding employment terms for seafarers. The Group monitors the crewing manager certification on an ongoing basis. The Group has also entered into third-party labour contracts with respect to its terminal operations.

At peak season, the Group engages in excess of 1,000 persons, of which approximately 300 are direct employees. The Board has considered that the most appropriate manner in which it can ensure that the interests of persons employed directly or indirectly can be considered is through challenging the CEO and divisional managing Directors on their regular reports to the Board.

Both formal and informal processes underlie engagement with the direct workforce. Formal processes include general briefing sessions to all employees twice annually in conjunction with the release of results. There are also annual staff reviews which promote the exchange of views. The Group has also formulated grievance and whistleblowing procedures whereby employees can report any concern in confidence. Informally, given the small direct workforce, there is an open access policy whereby any employee has access to any manager up to the CEO. Senior management also regularly visit all Group locations. Within these processes executive management report on workforce matters to the Board.

ICG Corporate Governance Framework



Whistleblowing Procedures

The Group has a suite of policies covering employee conduct which are available on the internal staff intranet. Employees are reminded to refresh their knowledge of these policies at least annually. These policies include a whistleblowing policy to ensure procedures are in place to enable employees to raise, in a confidential manner, any genuine concerns about possible financial impropriety or other wrongdoing. The most recent review of the policy to ensure that it remains appropriate to the circumstances of the Group was in January 2021.

Division of Responsibilities

The Board comprises of two executive and five non-executive Directors. Lesley Williams was appointed to the Board as a non-executive Director on 4 January 2021. The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive are separate, set out in writing and approved by the Board.

Details of the professional and educational backgrounds of each director encompassing the experience and expertise that they bring to the Board are set out on pages 68 to 70. The Board believes that it is of a size and structure and that, the Directors bring an appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge to enable the Board

to discharge its respective duties and responsibilities effectively, with no individual or group of individuals dominating the Board's decision making. Each of the non-executive Directors has a broad range of business experience independent of the Group both domestically and internationally.

The Board, has adopted the corporate governance structure set out above.

Chairman: The Board is led by the Chairman who is responsible for its overall effectiveness in directing the Group.

John B. McGuckian has served as Chairman of the Board since 2004 and is responsible for leading the Board, ensuring its effectiveness through;

- Setting the Board's agenda and ensuring that adequate time is available for discussion.
- Promoting a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of non-executive Directors in particular and ensuring constructive relations between executive and non-executive Directors.
- Ensuring that the Directors receive accurate, timely and clear information.
- Ensuring effective communication with shareholders.

Corporate Governance Report

Continued

Division of Responsibilities – continued

Chief Executive: The Board has delegated the management of the Group to the Executive Management Team, through the direction of Eamonn Rothwell who has served as Chief Executive since 1992. The Chief Executive is responsible for implementing Board strategy and policies and closely liaises with the Chairman and manages the Group's relationship with its shareholders.

Senior Independent Director: The Board, having considered his experience, appointed Brian O'Kelly as the Senior Independent Director. The Senior Independent Director acts as a sounding board for the Chairman and serves as an intermediary for the other Directors if necessary. Mr. O'Kelly is also available to shareholders if they have concerns which have not been resolved through the normal channels of Chairman, Chief Executive or for which such contact is inappropriate.

Non-executive Directors: Non-executive Directors through their knowledge and experience gained outside the Group constructively challenge and contribute to the development of Group strategy. Non-executive Directors scrutinise the performance of management in meeting agreed goals and objectives and monitor the reporting of performance. They satisfy themselves on the integrity of financial information and that financial controls and systems of risk management are robust and defensible. Through their membership of Committees, they are responsible for determining appropriate levels of remuneration of executive Directors and have a prime role in appointing and, where necessary, removing executive Directors, and in succession planning.

Company Secretary: The Company Secretary provides a support role to the Chairman and the Board ensuring good information flows within the Board and its committees and between senior management and non-executive Directors, as well as facilitating induction and assisting with professional development as required and advising the Board through the Chairman on governance matters. Thomas Corcoran has served as Company Secretary since 2001.

Committees: During the year ended 31 December 2020, there were three standing Board Committees with formal terms of reference; the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee. In addition, the Board will establish ad-

hoc sub-committees to deal with other matters as necessary. All Board committees have written terms of reference setting out their authorities and duties delegated by the Board. The terms of reference are available, on request, from the Company Secretary and on the Group's website. The reports of the Committees are set out at pages 84 to 102.

Independence: All of the non-executive Directors are considered by the Board to be independent of management and free of any relationships which could interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement. In considering their independence, the Board has taken into account a number of factors including their length of service on the Board, other directorships held and material business interests.

Mr. McGuckian has served on the Board for more than nine years since his first appointment. Notwithstanding this tenure the Board, as advised by the Nomination Committee, considers Mr. McGuckian to be independent. Mr. McGuckian has a wide range of interests and experience both domestically and internationally. The Board has considered the knowledge, skills and experience that he contributes and assesses him to be both independent in character and judgement and to be of continued significant benefit to the Board. Mr. McGuckian was also assessed to be independent at the date of appointment as Chairman in 2004.

Catherine Duffy was a partner at law firm A&L Goodbody up to 31 December 2020 from whom the Company has received legal services in their capacity as legal advisors to the Company. Details of the expenses incurred, which were on an arm's length basis at standard commercial terms, are set out at note 33 to the Financial Statements. In her role at A&L Goodbody, Catherine was not involved in providing advice to the Company. The Board, as advised by the Nomination Committee, has considered the relationship and does not consider it to affect Catherine's independence as a non-executive Director of the Company.

Meetings: The Board agrees a schedule of regular meetings each calendar year and also meets on other occasions if necessary, with contact between meetings as required in order to progress the Group's business. Where a Director is unable to attend a meeting, they may communicate their views to the Chairman. The Directors receive regular and timely information in a form and quality appropriate to enable the Board to discharge its duties. Non-executive Directors are

expected to utilise their expertise and experience to constructively challenge proposals tabled at the meetings. The Board has direct access to the Executive Management Team who regularly brief the Board in relation to operational, financial and strategic matters concerning the Group.

Director attendances at scheduled meetings are set out below. In addition, there was regular contact and updates between these scheduled meetings. The Chairman also held meetings with the non-executive Directors without the executive Directors present and the non-executive Directors also meet once a year, without the Chairman present.

Attendance at scheduled Board meetings during the year ended 31 December 2020 was as follows:

Member	A	B	Tenure
J. B. McGuckian (Chair)	7	7	33 years
E. Rothwell	7	7	34 years
C. Duffy	7	7	9 years
D. Ledwidge	7	7	5 years
B. O'Kelly	7	7	8 years
J. Sheehan	7	7	7 years

Column A: the number of scheduled meetings held during the year where the Director was a member of the Board.

Column B: the number of scheduled meetings attended during the year where the Director was a member of the Board.

Lesley Williams was not a member of the Board during 2020, being appointed on 4 January 2021.

Access to Advice: There is a procedure for Directors in the furtherance of their duties to take independent professional advice, at the expense of the Group, if they consider this necessary. The Group carries director liability insurance which indemnifies Directors in respect of legal actions that may be taken against them in the course of discharging their duties as Directors.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and that applicable rules and regulations are complied with.

Composition, Succession and Evaluation

The Board has established a Nomination Committee to lead the appointments process and plan for orderly succession at Board and senior management level. The Nomination Committee report is set out on pages 88 to 89.

Appointments: All Directors are appointed by the Board, following a recommendation by the Nomination Committee, for an initial term not exceeding three years, subject to annual re-election at the AGM. Prior to their nomination as a non-executive Director, an assessment is carried out to determine that they are independent. Non-executive Directors' independence is thereafter reviewed annually, prior to recommending the resolution for re-election at the AGM. Under the Articles each Director is subject to re-election at least every three years but in accordance with the Code the Board has agreed that each Director will be subject to annual re-election at the AGM.

The terms and conditions of appointment of non-executive Directors appointed after 2002 are set out in their letters of appointment, which are available for inspection at the Company's registered office during normal office hours and at the AGM of the Company.

Development and Induction: On appointment, Directors are given the opportunity to familiarise themselves with the operations of the Group, to meet with executive management, and to access any information they may require. Each Director brings independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, risk and performance. The Directors also have access to the Executive Management Team in relation to any issues concerning the operation of the Group.

The Board recognises the need for Directors to be aware of their legal responsibilities as Directors and it ensures that Directors are kept up to date on the latest corporate governance guidance, company law developments and best practice.

Performance Evaluation: The Board conducts an annual self-evaluation of the Board as a whole, the Board processes, its committees and individual Directors. The purpose of the evaluation process includes identification of improvements in Board procedures and to assess each Director's suitability for re-election. The process, which is led by the Chairman, is forward looking in nature. On a triennial cycle an

Corporate Governance Report

Continued

Composition, Succession and Evaluation – continued

independent external facilitator is engaged to further assist the process, the most recent such engagement relating to the 2017 evaluation. The Chairman, with the approval of the Board, deferred the engagement of an external evaluator for the 2020 evaluation given the circumstances of Covid-19.

For the 2020 evaluation, the Company Secretary made a presentation to the Board outlining key focus areas for consideration by the Directors against key events addressed by the Board during the year together with a review of the matters for action emanating from the previous evaluation. The focus areas included Board composition, Board agenda, Director interaction, quality of information, time allocation and decision making processes. Post the presentation the Chairman reviewed with each Director their observations on the items raised in the presentation together with a review of Director performance. Following conclusion of the Director engagement, the Chairman reported to the Board on the outcome of the evaluation process which indicated that the Board as a whole was operating effectively for the long-term success of the Group and that each Director was contributing effectively and demonstrating commitment to the role. The ongoing progress on the Board process matters noted in the prior year was acknowledged with no further matters added as a result of the latest evaluation.

Within the process, the non-executive Directors, led by the Senior Independent Director, met without the Chairman being present to evaluate the Chairman's performance. The Senior Independent Director subsequently reported to the Board that the Chairman was providing effective leadership of the Board.

Audit Risk and Internal Control

The Board has described its business model on page 20 setting out how the Company generates value over the longer term and the strategy for delivering the objectives of the Company.

The Board has overall responsibility for determining the Group's risk appetite but has delegated responsibility for the review, design implementation and monitoring of the Group's internal control system to the Audit Committee. These systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

In accordance with Guidance on Risk Management, Internal Control and Related Financial and Business Reporting (September 2014) issued by the FRC, the Board confirms that there is a continuous process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group, that it has been in place for the period under review and up to the date of approval of the Financial Statements, and that this process is regularly monitored by the Board. The report of the Audit Committee is set out on pages 84 to 87. The risk management framework and processes including the principal risks and uncertainties identified are set out on pages 54 to 61.

No material weaknesses in internal controls were reported to the Board during the year.

Taking account of the Group's current position and principal risks, the Directors have set out their assessment of the prospects for the Group in the Viability Statement on page 104.

Reporting

The Board is committed to providing a fair, balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's position and prospects to shareholders through the Annual Report, the Interim Statement and any other public statement issued by the Company. The Directors have considered the Annual Report based on a review performed by the Audit Committee and have concluded that it represents a fair, balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects.

Remuneration

The Board has delegated the approval of remuneration structures and levels of the executive Directors and senior management to the Remuneration Committee whose report is set out at pages 90 to 102.

Diversity

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy in compliance with the European Union (Disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by certain large undertakings and Groups) Regulation 2017. The promotion of a diverse Board makes prudent business sense and for stronger corporate governance.

The Group seeks to maintain a Board comprised of talented and dedicated Directors with a diverse mix of expertise, experience, skills and backgrounds reflecting the diverse nature of the business environment in which the Group operates. For purposes of Board composition, diversity includes, but is not limited to, age, gender or educational and professional backgrounds.

When assessing Board composition or identifying suitable candidates for appointment or re-election to the Board, the Group, through the Nomination Committee, considers candidates on merit against objective criteria having due regard to the benefits of diversity and the needs of the Board. The Group does not focus on any single diversity characteristic and, accordingly, has not adopted targets in respect of any single diversity characteristic.

The Nomination Committee will give due regard to diversity when reviewing Board composition and considering Board candidates. The Committee will report annually, in the corporate governance section of the Annual Report, on the process it has used in relation to any Board appointments.

Beyond the Board, of 64 individuals holding a managerial position, 20 per cent are female. While the Board acknowledges the imbalance of this ratio compared to society at large it is reflective of the industry sector in which the Group operates. Against this background, the Board has not set any gender ratio target but is committed to improving this ratio over time. In that regard the Nomination Committee and Executive Management Team, as appropriate, will actively seek out a greater pool of female candidates when undertaking any future recruitment process.

Matters Pertaining To Share Capital

The information set out below is required to be contained in the Report of the Directors under Regulation 21 of the European Communities (Takeover Bids (Directive 2004/25/EC)) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 255/2006). The information represents the position at 31 December 2020.

For the purposes of Regulations 21(2)(c), (e), (j) and (k) of the European Communities (Takeover Bids (Directive 2004/25/EC)) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 255/2006), the information given under the following headings: (i) Substantial Shareholdings page 105; (ii) Share Option

Plans page 101; (iii) Long Term Incentive Plan page 97; (iv) Service Contracts page 101; and (v) Share-based Payments page 169; (vi) Borrowings page 158; are deemed to be incorporated into this statement.

Share Capital

The authorised share capital of the Company is €29,295,000 divided into 450,000,000 ordinary shares of €0.065 each (ordinary shares) and 4,500,000,000 redeemable shares of €0.00001 each (redeemable shares). The ordinary shares represent approximately 99.85% and the redeemable shares represent approximately 0.15% of the authorised share capital. The issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this report is 187,000,390 ordinary shares. There are no redeemable shares currently in issue.

Ordinary shares and redeemable shares (to the extent redeemable shares are in issue) are inextricably linked as an ICG Unit. An ICG Unit is defined in the Constitution of the Company as one ordinary share in the Company and ten redeemable shares (or such lesser number thereof, if any, resulting from the redemption of one or more thereof) held by the same holder(s).

The rights and obligations attaching to the ordinary shares and redeemable shares are contained in the Constitution of the Company.

The Directors may exercise their power to redeem redeemable shares from time to time pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association where there are redeemable shares in issue.

The structure of the Group's and Company's capital and movements during the year are set out in notes 20 and 21 to the Financial Statements.

Restrictions on the Transfer of Shares

Save as set out below there are no limitations in Irish law on the holding of ICG Units and there is no requirement to obtain the approval of the Company, or of other holders of ICG Units, for a transfer of ICG Units. Certain restrictions may from time to time be imposed by laws or regulations such as those relating to insider dealing.

Transfers of ordinary shares and redeemable shares can only be affected where the transfer involves a simultaneous transfer of the other class of shares with which such shares are linked as an ICG Unit. An ICG Unit comprised one ordinary share and nil redeemable shares at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019.

Corporate Governance Report

Continued

Matters Pertaining To Share Capital – continued

ICG Units are, in general, freely transferable but the Directors may decline to register a transfer of ICG Units upon notice to the transferee, within two months after the lodgement of a transfer with the Company, in the following cases:

- (i) where the transfer of shares does not involve a simultaneous transfer of the other class of shares with which such shares are linked as an ICG Unit;
- (ii) a lien is held by the Company; or
- (iii) in the case of a purported transfer to or by a minor or a person lawfully adjudged not to possess an adequate decision-making capacity;
- (iv) unless the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require; or
- (v) unless the instrument of transfer is in respect of one class only.

ICG Units held in certificated form are transferable upon production to the Company's Registrars of the original share certificate and the usual form of stock transfer or instrument duly executed by the holder of the shares.

ICG Units held in uncertificated form are transferable in accordance with the rules or conditions imposed by the operator of the relevant system which enables title to the ICG Units to be evidenced and transferred without a written instrument and in accordance with the Companies Act, 1990 (Uncertificated Securities) Regulations 1996 (S.I. 68/1996) and Section 1085 of the Companies Act 2014.

The rights attaching to ordinary shares and redeemable shares comprised in each ICG Unit remain with the transferor until the name of the transferee has been entered on the Register of Members of the Company.

No person holds securities in the Company carrying special rights with regard to control of the Company. The Company is not aware of any agreements between holders of securities that may result in restrictions in the transfer of securities or voting rights.

The Powers of the Directors Including in Relation to the Issuing or Buying Back by the Company of its Shares

Under the Constitution of the Company, the business of the Company is to be managed by the Directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts 2014, the Constitution of the Company and to any directions given by members at a General Meeting. The Constitution further provides that the Directors may make such arrangements as may be thought fit for the management of the Company's affairs including the appointment of such attorneys or agents as they consider appropriate and delegate to such persons such powers as the Directors may deem requisite or expedient.

At the Company's AGM held on 28 July 2020, resolutions were passed whereby

- (i) the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, were authorised to make market purchases of up to 15 per cent of the issued share capital of the Company.
- (ii) the Directors were authorised until the conclusion of the next AGM, to allot shares up to an aggregate nominal value of 66.66% of the then present issued ordinary share capital and the present authorised but unissued redeemable share capital of the Company subject to the provision that any shares allotted in excess of 33.33% of the then present issued ordinary share capital must be allotted pursuant to a rights issue.

In line with market practice, members will be asked to renew these authorities at the 2021 AGM.

General Meetings and Shareholders Voting and other Rights

Under the Constitution, the power to manage the business of the Company is generally delegated to the Directors. However, the members retain the power to pass resolutions at a General Meeting of the Company which may give directions to the Directors as to the management of the Company.

The Company must hold a General Meeting in each year as its AGM in addition to any other meetings in that year and no more than 15 months may elapse between the date of one AGM and that of the next. The AGM will be held at such time and place as the Directors determine. All General Meetings, other than AGMs, are called Extraordinary General Meetings.

Extraordinary General Meetings shall be convened by the Directors or on the requisition of members holding, at the date of the requisition, not less than five percent of the paid up capital carrying the right to vote at General Meetings and in default of the Directors acting within 21 days to convene such a meeting to be held within two months, the requisitionists (or more than half of them) may, but only within three months, themselves convene a meeting.

No business may be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Three members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at such meeting constitutes a quorum.

The holders of ICG Units have the right to receive notice of, attend, speak and vote at all General Meetings of the Company.

In the case of an AGM or of a meeting for the passing of a Special Resolution or the appointment of a Director, 21 clear days' notice at the least, and in any other case 14 clear days' notice at the least (assuming that the members have passed a resolution to this effect at the previous year's AGM), needs to be given in writing in the manner provided for in the Constitution to all the members, Directors, Secretary, the Auditor for the time being of the Company and to any other person entitled to receive notice under the Companies Act.

Voting at any General Meeting is by a show of hands unless a poll is properly demanded. On a show of hands, every member who is present in person or by proxy has one vote regardless of the number of shares held by a shareholder. On a poll, every member who is present in person or by proxy has one vote for each share of which he/she is the holder. A poll may be demanded by the Chairman of the meeting or by at least three members having the right to vote at the meeting or by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting or by a member or members holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

Deadlines for Exercising Voting Rights

Voting rights at General Meetings of the Company are exercised when the Chairman puts the resolution at issue to the vote of the meeting. A vote decided on a show of hands is taken forthwith. A vote taken on a

poll for the election of the Chairman or on a question of adjournment is also taken forthwith and a poll on any other question is taken either immediately, or at such time (not being more than 30 days from the date of the meeting at which the poll was demanded or directed) as the Chairman of the meeting directs. Where a person is appointed to vote for a member as proxy, the instrument of appointment must be received by the Company not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the appointed proxy proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for taking the poll.

Shareholders' Rights (Directive 2007/36/EC)

The holders of ICG Units have the right to attend, speak, ask questions and vote at General Meetings of the Company. The Company, pursuant to Section 1105 of the Companies Act 2014 and Regulation 14 of the Companies Act 1990 (Uncertificated Securities) Regulations 1996 (S.I. 68/1996), specifies record dates for General Meetings, by which date members must be registered in the Register of Members of the Company to be entitled to attend and vote at the meeting.

Pursuant to Section 1104 of the Companies Act 2014, a member, or a group of members who together hold at least three per cent of the issued share capital of the Company, representing at least three per cent of the total voting rights of all the members who have a right to vote at the meeting to which the request for inclusion of the item relates, have the right to put an item on the agenda, or to modify an agenda which has been already communicated, of a General Meeting. In order to exercise this right, written details of the item to be included in the General Meeting agenda must be accompanied by stated grounds justifying its inclusion or a draft resolution to be adopted at the General Meeting together with evidence of the member or group of members shareholding must be received, by the Company, 42 days in advance of the meeting to which it relates.

The Company publishes the date of its AGM on its website www.icg.ie on or before 31 December of the previous financial year.

Rights to Dividends and Return of Capital

Subject to the provisions of the Company's Constitution, the holders of the ordinary shares in the capital of the Company shall be entitled to such dividends as may be declared from time to time on such shares. The holders of the redeemable shares (if any) shall not be entitled to any dividends.

Corporate Governance Report

Continued

Matters Pertaining To Share Capital – continued

On a return of capital on a winding up of the Company or otherwise (other than on a conversion, redemption or purchase of shares), the holders of the ordinary shares shall be entitled, *pari passu* with the holders of the redeemable shares (if any) to the repayment of a sum equal to the nominal capital paid up or credited as paid up on the shares held by them respectively. Thereafter, the holders of the ordinary shares shall be entitled to the balance of the surplus of assets of the Company to be distributed rateably according to the number of ordinary shares held by a member. The redeemable shares shall not confer upon the holders thereof any rights to participate further in the profits or assets of the Company.

Rules Concerning Amendment of the Company's Constitution

As provided in the Companies Act 2014, the Company may, by special resolution, alter or add to its Constitution. A resolution is a special resolution when it has been passed by not less than 75 per cent of the votes cast by members entitled to vote and voting in person or by proxy, at a General Meeting at which not less than 21 days' notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution, has been duly given.

Rules Concerning the Appointment and Replacement of Directors of the Company

Other than in the case of a casual vacancy, Directors of the Company are appointed on a resolution of the members at a General Meeting, usually the AGM.

No person, other than a Director retiring at a General Meeting is eligible for appointment as a Director without a recommendation by the Directors for that person's appointment unless, not less than six or more than 40 clear days before the date of the General Meeting, written notice by a member, duly qualified to be present and vote at the meeting, of the intention to propose the person for appointment and notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed of willingness to act, if so appointed, shall have been given to the Company.

The Directors have power to fill a casual vacancy or to appoint an additional Director (within the maximum number of Directors fixed by the Constitution of the Company (as may be amended by the Company in a General Meeting)) and any Director so appointed holds office only until the conclusion of the next AGM following their appointment, when the Director concerned shall retire, but shall be eligible for reappointment at that meeting.

Each Director must retire from office no later than the third AGM following their last appointment or reappointment. In addition, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third), are obliged to retire from office at each AGM on the basis of the Directors who have been longest in office since their last appointment.

The Company has adopted the provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code in respect of the annual election of all Directors. All Directors will retire at the forthcoming AGM and following review are being recommended for re-election.

A person is disqualified from being a Director, and their office as Director *ipso facto* vacated, in any of the following circumstances:

- (i) if s / he is adjudicated bankrupt or being a bankrupt has not obtained a certificate of discharge in the relevant jurisdiction; or
- (ii) if in the opinion of a majority of his / her co-Directors, the health of the Director is such that s / he can no longer be reasonably regarded as possessing an adequate decision-making capacity so that s / he may discharge his / her duties; or
- (iii) if s / he ceases to be, or is removed as a Director by virtue of any provision of the Acts or the Articles, or s / he becomes prohibited by law from being a Director or is restricted by law in acting as a Director; or
- (iv) if s / he (not being a Director holding for a fixed term an executive office in his / her capacity as a Director) resigns his / her office by notice in writing to the Company; or

- (v) if s / he is absent for six successive months without permission of the Directors from meetings of the Directors held during that period and the Directors pass a resolution that by reason of such absence s / he has vacated office; or
- (vi) if s / he is removed from office by notice in writing served upon him / her signed by all his / her co-Directors; if s / he holds an appointment to an executive office which thereby automatically determines, such removal shall be deemed an act of the Company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him / her and the Company; or
- (vii) if s / he is convicted of an indictable offence not being an offence under the Road Traffic Act, 1961 or any statutory provision in lieu or modification thereof.

Notwithstanding anything in the Constitution or in any agreement between the Company and a Director, the Company may, by Ordinary Resolution of which the required notice has been given in accordance with Section 146 of the Companies Act 2014, remove any Director before the expiry of their period of office.

Replacement of CREST with Euroclear Bank for Electronic Settlement of Trading in the Company's shares

Similar to other Irish-incorporated companies listed in Dublin and/ or London, the majority of the Company's shares have for many years been held, and trades in those Shares have been electronically settled, in the relevant settlement system operated by Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited (EUI) and constituting a relevant system for the purposes of the Irish Companies Act 1990 (Uncertificated Securities) Regulations 1996 (as amended) (the Uncertificated Securities Regulations) (the CREST System). The CREST System is operated by EUI, which is based in London.

Where a company's securities are admitted to trading or traded on a trading venue regulated by Directive 2014/65/EU, EU legislation requires electronic settlement to occur through an authorised central securities depository (a CSD) that is established in a member state of the EU (an EU CSD) (or under an approved third country arrangement). There is currently no authorised CSD established in Ireland. As a result of the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the EU (Brexit), EUI is no longer an EU CSD. Euroclear Bank SA/NV, an international CSD based in Belgium and part of the Euroclear Group (Euroclear Bank), has been identified as the EU CSD to replace EUI.

At an EGM held on 12 February 2021, shareholders passed a number of resolutions to allow the Company's shares to participate in the migration procedure under the Migration of Participating Securities Act 2019 enacted in Ireland. It is expected that all shares of the Company held in uncertificated form at 7.00 P.M. on 12 March 2021 currently settled in CREST will migrate to the replacement EU CSD operated by Euroclear Bank, which will be live from commencement of trading on 15 March 2021. Full details of the migration process were set out in the EGM circular dated 15 January 2021 available on the Company's website.

Report of the Audit Committee



Dear shareholder,

I am pleased to present the Report of the Audit Committee (the Committee) for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Committee plays an important role in ensuring the Group's financial integrity for shareholders through oversight of the financial reporting process, including the risks and controls in that process. This report sets out how the Committee fulfilled its duties under its Terms of Reference, the UK Corporate Governance Code, the Irish Annex and relevant legislation.

The Committee has reviewed the critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation applied in preparing these Financial Statements and have reported to the Board on these.

The Committee also performed a review of this Annual Report including both the financial and non-financial information to ensure that the Annual Report and Financial Statements, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable, and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Group and Company's position and performance, business model and strategy. Other work undertaken included the ongoing monitoring of the effectiveness of the Group's systems of risk management and internal control and external auditor effectiveness.

Composition

The Audit Committee membership is set out in the table below which also details attendance and tenure.

Member	A	B	Tenure
J. Sheehan (Chair)	3	3	7 years
C. Duffy	3	3	9 years
B. O'Kelly	3	3	8 years

Column A: the number of scheduled meetings held during the year where the Director was a member of the Committee.

Column B: the number of scheduled meetings attended during the year where the Director was a member of the Committee.

The members bring significant professional expertise to their roles gained from a broad level of experience gained outside of the Group. This, together with their experience as Directors of the Company assures that the Committee as a whole has competence relevant to the sector in which the Group operates. The member's biographies are set out on pages 68 to 69. The Board has determined that all appointees are independent, that Brian O'Kelly and John Sheehan have recent and relevant financial experience and that all members have wide experience of corporate financial and risk matters. Overall, the Committee is independent and possesses the skills and knowledge to effectively discharge its duties under the Committee's Terms of Reference. The Company Secretary acts as secretary to the Committee.

The scheduled meetings take place on the same day as Board meetings. The Chairman provides updates to the Board on key matters discussed and minutes are circulated to the Board.

Role and Responsibilities

The role, responsibilities and duties of the Audit Committee are set out in written terms of reference which are reviewed annually. The Terms of Reference are available on the Group's website www.icg.ie.

The principal responsibilities of the Committee cover the following areas;

- Supporting the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities in relation to the integrity of the financial reporting process.
- Advise whether the Annual Report and Financial Statements, taken as a whole, are fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Group and Company's position and performance, business model and strategy.
- Monitor the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and financial risk management systems, including the internal audit function.
- Managing the relationship with the external auditor, including consideration of the appointment of the external auditor, the level of audit fees, and any questions of independence, provision of non-audit services, resignation or dismissal. The Committee discusses with the external auditor the nature and scope of the audit and the findings and results.

During the year responsibility for oversight of the operation of the Group's whistleblowing procedures was transferred to the Board reflecting the widening of the scope of those procedures beyond financial impropriety.

Work Performed

The principal work undertaken by the Committee during the period under review was focused on the following areas;

Financial Reporting

The Committee reviewed the Group's Half Yearly Financial Report for the six months ended 30 June 2020, the Preliminary Statement of Results and Annual Report and Financial Statements, for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and the two Trading Statements issued during the year. These reviews considered;

- The accounting treatment and presentation of the non-trading item related to the settlement and curtailment losses arising from the settlement of pensioner liabilities in one of the Group pension schemes;
- Assessment of the effects of new standards effective for reporting in financial year 2020;
- Other than for any new standards, the consistency, appropriateness and application of the Group's accounting policies;
- The clarity and completeness of disclosures and compliance with financial reporting standards, legislative and regulatory requirements;
- Whether these reports, taken as a whole, were fair, balanced and understandable and provide the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Group's position and performance, business model and strategy;
- A comparison of these results with management accounts; and
- The critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation applied in the preparation of the Financial Statements.

In assessing if the Financial Statements have dealt appropriately with each area of judgement, the Committee challenged the key assumptions and methodologies used by management in formulating estimates. The key sources of estimation uncertainty and critical accounting judgements applied in the preparation of the Financial Statements for the

financial year ended 31 December 2020 are set out below and also discussed on pages 139 to 141.

Key Estimates

• Post-employment benefits

The Group operates a number of Group sponsored pension schemes and is also a participating employer in the Merchant Navy Officers Pension Fund, a multi-employer scheme. Details of these schemes are set out in note 32 to the Financial Statements. The size of the pension obligations is material to the Group and sensitive to actuarial assumptions. The Committee has reviewed actuarial advice on the assumptions provided by the Group actuary used in calculating the settlement and curtailment losses relating to the pensioner buyout transaction and estimating the outstanding pension obligations at the year end. The Committee reviewed the presentation of the settlement and curtailment as separately reported non-trading items. The Committee was satisfied that the assumptions used were reasonable and that the obligations set out in the Financial Statements are consistent with the assumptions and fairly presented.

• Useful lives for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Long-lived assets comprising primarily of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets represent a significant portion of total assets. Changes in the useful lives may have a significant impact on the annual depreciation and amortisation charge. The Committee reviewed the useful lives of significant assets and were satisfied that the estimates used were reasonable.

Critical Accounting Judgements

• Impairment

The Group does not have assets which are required to be tested annually for impairment. In relation to other significant assets the Committee made inquiries of management to determine whether there were any indications of impairment. The Committee was cognisant of the effects of Covid-19 measures on the Group's trading position and the sector in general and whether this amounted to an indication of impairment and whether asset valuations were materially negatively affected. The Committee reviewed and challenged management's presentations and were satisfied that no internal or external indications of impairment were identified and consequently no impairment review was required.

Report of the Audit Committee

Continued

Work Performed – continued

- **Leases – non-cancellable lease term**

The application of IFRS 16 requires judgement in determining the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Group has leases with renewal options the exercise of which significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised. This requires the exercise of judgement to assess the likelihood of these being exercised, taking into account likely developments in the Group.

- **Going concern**

The Committee reviewed the appropriateness of using a going concern assumption for the preparation of the Group Financial Statements. The Committee considered future trading projections and available committed borrowing facilities. The Committee noted that uncertainty exists around passenger revenue streams due to the continuation of Covid-19 travel restrictions into 2021 and the uncertainty around when these will be eased. The Committee reviewed and challenged management's scenario analysis and were satisfied that the Group will have adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Going Concern Statement is set out on page 141.

Viability Statement

The Committee reviewed and challenged management's assumptions and scenarios together with the calculations supporting the Viability Statement set out on page 104. The Committee also considered the appropriateness of the five year assessment time frame. The Committee was satisfied that a robust assessment had been completed and reported this to the Board.

Recommendations to the Board

Based on the work undertaken, the Committee reported to the Board that the Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable, and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Group and Company's position and performance, business model and strategy and recommended that the Annual Report and Financial Statements be approved by the Board.

The Committee had also recommended the approval of the Half Yearly Financial Report for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and the Trading Statements issued during 2020.

Risk Management and Internal Control

The risk management framework is set out on page 54. The Committee, on behalf of the Board, reviews the effectiveness of the Group's control environment including internal controls and financial risk management systems.

The Committee oversees the work of the Risk Management Committee (RMC) which coordinates a unified system of ongoing identification, monitoring and reporting of risks throughout the Group. The activities of the RMC are undertaken alongside the activities of Internal Audit.

During the year the Committee met with members of the RMC and presentations were made outlining the work undertaken in managing risk monitoring systems, procedures for ensuring the Group Risk Register is being updated for new and emerging risks and the management of exposure to principal risks. The work of the RMC is also central in putting consideration of risk to the fore in business decision making throughout the Group. The Committee reviewed the updated Risk Appetite Statements prepared by the RMC which were then presented to the Board for approval. The Committee also received regular reports throughout the year including internal audit reviews, operational and safety risk reviews including information technology and cyber security. In addition, the Chairman meets regularly with Group Internal Audit and the Committee approved the 2020 Internal Audit Plan.

The Committee undertook a review of the RMC and Internal Audit activities in order to assess how effectively it had performed. Following the review, the Committee was satisfied that the RMC and Internal Audit were achieving their objectives. Overall, the Committee continues to be satisfied that the Group control environment remains appropriate and effective. This assessment has been reported to the Board.

External Audit

The Committee is responsible for managing the relationship with the Group's external auditor and monitoring their performance, objectivity and independence. Deloitte is the current external auditor to the Group.

Deloitte confirmed to the Company that they comply with the Ethical Standards for Auditors (Ireland) 2016 as issued by IAASA and that, in their professional judgement, they and, where applicable, all Deloitte network firms are independent and their objectivity is not compromised.

The Committee met with Deloitte prior to the commencement of the audit of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020. The Committee considered Deloitte's internal policies and procedures for maintaining independence and objectivity and their approach to audit quality. The Committee assessed the quality of the external audit plan as presented by Deloitte and satisfied itself as to the expertise and resources being made available. The Committee also reviewed the terms of the Letter of Engagement and approved the level of remuneration.

Deloitte reported their key audit findings to the Committee in March 2021 prior to the finalisation of the Financial Statements. This report, which included a schedule of unadjusted errors and misstatements, significant judgements and estimations and key areas of risk, was considered by the Committee in forming their recommendation to the Board. The Committee also considered the representations sought by Deloitte from the Directors.

Deloitte issued a letter on control weaknesses noted during their audit, none of which were considered of a serious nature so as to cause Deloitte to amend the scope of their original audit plan. The Committee has considered these and having discussed with management have directed remedial action be taken where considered appropriate.

The Committee evaluated Deloitte's performance which included an assessment of Deloitte's communication process with the Committee and senior management, knowledge of the Group and industry sector and resource commitment to the external audit and the Committee is satisfied that in conducting the audit of the 2020 Financial Statements, Deloitte were effective, objective and independent.

Deloitte was first appointed by the Company to audit its Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 October 1988 and subsequent financial periods. The lead partner is rotated every five years to ensure continued objectivity and independence. Mr. Ciarán O'Brien has acted as lead partner for the audit of the 2020 Financial Statements having been appointed to that role during 2016.

The Committee notes that under Part 27 of the Companies Act 2014, given the tenure of Deloitte, the Group is required to conduct a tender process for the external audit in relation to the appointment of a new auditor in respect of the financial year commencing 1 January 2021. As Deloitte have served in excess of 20 years, they are not eligible for re-appointment. The tender process is underway and the Company expects to submit a resolution to the shareholders at the 2021 AGM proposing a replacement auditor to the Company and Group.

Non-Audit Services

The Committee permits the external auditor to provide non-audit services where they are permitted under Part 27 of the Statutory Audits of Companies Act 2014 and are satisfied that they do not conflict with auditor independence. The Committee's policy on the provision of non-audit services requires that each engagement for the provision of non-audit services requires approval of the Committee. The Committee approved the engagement of the external auditor to provide certain tax compliance services and reporting accountant services in respect of the 2020 financial year. This approval was granted on the basis of procedural efficiency.

The Audit Committee has considered all relationships between the Company and the external audit firm, Deloitte, including the provision of non-audit services as disclosed in note 9 to the Financial Statements which are within the thresholds set out in Part 27 of the Statutory Audits of Companies Act 2014. The Committee does not consider that those relationships or the level of non-audit fees impair the auditor's judgement or independence.

John Sheehan

Chair of the Audit Committee

88 Report of the Nomination Committee



Dear shareholder,

I am pleased to present the Report of the Nomination Committee (the Committee) for the year ended 31 December 2020

This report sets out how the Committee fulfilled its duties under its Terms of Reference and the UK Corporate Governance Code, the Irish Annex and relevant legislation.

The Committee plays an important role in ensuring that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge and experience to ensure the Board operates effectively for the long term success of the Group.

Composition

The Nomination Committee membership is set out in the table below which also details attendance and tenure. All Directors bring significant professional expertise to their roles on this Committee as set out in their professional biographies on pages 68 to 70.

Member	A	B	Tenure
C. Duffy (Chair)*	1	1	8 years
B. O'Kelly*	1	1	4 years
J. Sheehan*	1	1	4 years
E. Rothwell	1	1	11 years

*Independent director

Column A: the number of scheduled meetings held during the year where the Director was a member of the Committee.

Column B: the number of scheduled meetings attended during the year where the Director was a member of the Committee.

In addition to the scheduled meeting, there was significant engagement between Committee members throughout the period to progress the Committee's business.

Role and Responsibilities

The role, responsibilities and duties of the Nomination Committee are set out in written terms of reference and are reviewed annually. The Terms of Reference are available on the Group's website www.icg.ie.

Its duties are to regularly evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of the Board and Committees and make recommendations to the Board with regard to any changes. It is also charged with searching out, identifying and proposing to the Board new appointments of executive or non-executive Directors. The Committee also considers the re-appointment of any non-executive Director on the expiry of their term of office. In discharging its duties, the Committee is cognisant of the requirement to allow for orderly succession and refreshment of the Board.

The Chairman provides an update to the Board on key matters discussed and minutes are circulated to the Board.

Work Performed

The Committee considered the results of the evaluation of the Board. The Committee were satisfied that the Board continues to be of adequate size and composition to suit the current scale of its operations and has an appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity to enable it to effectively discharge its duties.

The Committee notes the Code's comments on non-executive Director tenure and the tenure profile of the existing non-executive Directors. As reported last year, the Committee continued researching future potential candidates to ensure orderly Board refreshment and diversity. In December 2020, the Committee recommended the appointment of Lesley Williams to the Board as a non-executive Director. Lesley joined the Board in January 2021 and brings to the Company a wide range of experience at board level across a number of sectors which will complement and strengthen the Board's skillset. No external search agency was engaged in relation to Lesley's appointment. The Committee continues its work to further progress Board refreshment.

The Committee reviewed and recommended to the Board the re-appointment of John B. McGuckian as non-executive Director, subject to re-election by shareholders at the AGM. John has served as Chairman of the Board since 2004 and as a non-executive Director since 1988. This recommendation was proposed following a robust review of the knowledge, skills and experience that he contributes. The Committee assessed him to be both independent in character and judgement and to be of continued significant benefit to the Board.

The Committee noted that John's re-appointment is a departure from the provisions of the Code which states that the Chairman should not stay in position beyond nine years from the date of first appointment to the Board. The Code recognises in certain circumstances this period may be extended including to allow for succession planning and the development of a diverse Board. In recommending his re-appointment the Committee considered it beneficial to retain his considerable experience of the Group's business particularly as the Group meets the immediate challenges posed by the Covid-19 pandemic. It was recommended that John remain in position to deal with these challenges and provide stability during the period of Board refreshment.

The Committee reviewed Catherine Duffy's performance over the current three year term noting that Catherine will have served nine years as a non-executive Director in March 2021. The Committee considered Catherine's position as a senior partner with the Company's legal adviser A&L Goodbody until her retirement in December 2020 did not affect her independence. While serving greater than a nine year term represents a departure from the Code it was agreed that it was in the best interests of the Group that Catherine remain as a non-executive Director to facilitate the smooth refreshment of the Board.

The Committee also reconfirmed their previous assessment of the independence of the non-executive Directors, Brian O'Kelly and John Sheehan.

No Committee member voted on a matter concerning their position as a Director.

The Committee reviewed the processes agreed in respect of workforce engagement described at page 74 and was satisfied that these arrangements remain appropriate to the Group's circumstances.

The Group values diversity and the benefits this can contribute to future success. The Board's Diversity Policy is set out on pages 78 to 79. In considering any appointment to the Board the Committee identifies the set of skills and experience required. Individuals are selected based on the required competencies of the role with due regard for the benefits of diversity. Notwithstanding the Committee notes the female composition of the Board and management reports is 29 per cent and 20 per cent respectively. In relation to future Board and senior manager appointments the Committee will actively seek out a greater pool of female candidates for consideration. The Committee has also requested the Executive Management Team to follow a similar process in relation to recruitment generally. External search agencies independent of the Group are engaged to assist where appropriate.

No recruitment for senior management positions requiring input of the Committee took place during the period.

Catherine Duffy

Chair of the Nomination Committee

90 Report of the Remuneration Committee



Dear shareholder,

I am pleased to present the Report of the Remuneration Committee (the Committee) for the year ended 31 December 2020. This report sets out details of the remuneration framework for executive and non-executive Directors, describes how the remuneration policy was implemented in the year ended 31 December 2020, and explains how it will be implemented for the 2021 financial year subject to approval of our policy by shareholders.

Composition

The Committee membership is set out in the table below which also details attendance and tenure. All Directors bring significant professional expertise to their roles on this Committee as set out in their professional biographies on pages 68 and 69.

Member	A	B	Tenure
B. O' Kelly (Chair)	3	3	8 years
J. Sheehan	3	3	7 years
C. Duffy	3	3	4 years

Column A: the number of scheduled meetings held during the year where the Director was a member of the Committee.

Column B: the number of scheduled meetings attended during the year where the Director was a member of the Committee.

The Committee met three times during the period with follow up contacts between meetings. The Chairman provided an update to the Board on key matters discussed.

Role and Responsibilities

The role, responsibilities and duties of the Committee are set out in written terms of reference which are reviewed annually. The terms of reference are available on the Group's website www.icg.ie.

The Committee's duties are to establish a remuneration framework that;

- Will attract, motivate and retain high calibre individuals;
- Will reward individuals appropriately according to their level of responsibility and performance;
- Will motivate individuals to perform in the best interest of the shareholders; and
- Will not encourage individuals to take risks in excess of the Company's risk appetite.

Against this framework the Committee approves remuneration levels and awards based on an individual's contribution to the Company against the background of underlying Company financial performance having regard to comparable companies in both size and complexity.

As the Company is subject to Company Law as enacted in Ireland, it is not required to seek shareholder approval for its Remuneration Report. However, the Company will be submitting this report to shareholders as an advisory resolution at the 2021 AGM.

The Shareholders' Rights Directive 2017/828 (SRD II Directive) was transposed into Irish law by the European Union (Shareholders' Rights) Regulations 2020 (Regulations). In compliance with SRD II, the Company will also submit a Remuneration Policy to shareholders at the 2021 AGM by way of an advisory resolution.

Remuneration Philosophy

The Committee ensures that the remuneration structures and levels are set to attract and retain high calibre individuals necessary at executive Director and senior manager level and to motivate them to deliver strategy in the interests of our shareholders and wider stakeholders. As set out throughout this report, we believe an approach to remuneration that is grounded in pay for performance with a heavy reliance on long-term remuneration delivered in equity is the most effective way of achieving our aims.

2020 Background and Performance Outcomes

As reported in this Annual Report, 2020 was a challenging year for the Group. The restrictions placed on travel due to the Covid-19 pandemic negatively affected Group profit performance notwithstanding that RoRo freight operations grew in the year and the Container and Terminal Division maintained its profitability. This resulted in difficult decisions for the Committee in attempting to balance the motivational aspects of the remuneration framework with the alignment aspects to shareholder interests.

Annual Performance Award

As a result of the impact of Covid-19 and the associated restrictions on travel, there were no pay-outs under either the Chief Executive's (CEO) legacy arrangement or the regular annual bonus plan for the Chief Financial Officer (CFO). During the past year, both the CEO and CFO have placed a relentless focus on protecting the business and ensuring we are in a position to ramp up activity as soon as it is safe to do so.

The Committee was firmly aware of the difficult trading environment encountered by the Group during 2020 related to the spread of Covid-19 and the subsequent restrictions limiting passenger travel to essential purposes only. While acknowledging the tremendous efforts by all employees in keeping the Group's essential services operating in this difficult environment, the Committee was cognisant of the effect of reduced trading on the financial outcome of the Group. With performance continuing to be affected by passenger travel restrictions continuing into early 2021, noting that dividends had been suspended and the overall stakeholder experience, the Committee considered that it would not be appropriate for any annual performance award to be made based on 2020 performance. As no annual performance awards were made, no restricted shares were awarded.

Performance Share Plan

In relation to the awards granted in March 2018, the Committee has reviewed performance against the four measures employed under the Performance Share Plan (PSP), earnings per share (EPS), return on average capital employed (ROACE), free cash flow (FCF) ratio and relative total shareholder return (TSR). The portion based on EPS and TSR measures lapsed in full, with ROACE performance at 34 per cent of maximum for that portion. The FCF ratio measure vested in full, representing strong performance over the three-year period. The total vesting level for the 2018 awards was 34 per cent of maximum. As a Committee, we are satisfied that the vesting level accurately reflects company performance over the period. Full details of vesting are set out on pages 97 and 98.

Review of The Remuneration Policy During 2020

Following the transposition of the Shareholders' Rights Directive 2017/828 (SRD II Directive) into Irish law, the Company is now required to submit a Remuneration Policy for consideration by shareholders at least every four years. For the first time, the Company will submit a remuneration policy for an advisory vote at the 2021 AGM. While we have not proposed a formal policy previously, in 2017, we adopted a revised remuneration framework in line with the approval of our PSP. The review during the past fiscal year was against that framework.

In framing this policy and in line with our general approach to remuneration, the Committee has been guided by the view that any remuneration framework should seek to create a strong and demonstrable link to longer term Company performance and alignment with shareholder interests through growth in equity value. To achieve this the Committee seeks to set base salaries at median market levels and structure performance awards in a manner that encourages individuals to acquire and retain significant long-term shareholdings relative to base salary. We are firm in our conviction that such remuneration structures are the most effective means of unlocking the benefits of variable remuneration, including alignment with shareholders and driving a truly long-term orientation among management, while protecting against the potential for excessive risk taking or a focus on short-term performance at the cost of driving sustainable long-term growth for shareholders.

92 Report of the Remuneration Committee

Continued

Review of The Remuneration Policy During 2020 – continued

The Committee acknowledges that full implementation may in certain instances be constrained by pre-existing contractual arrangements. Notwithstanding the Committee remained satisfied that it continues to be appropriate to the business needs and strategy of the Group. In particular, the Committee notes the promotion of strong alignment with shareholders through requirements of minimum shareholdings, a requirement to invest 50 per cent of annual performance awards into Company equity with a five-year holding requirement and the overall eight-year alignment period for any awards granted under the longer term PSP.

These elements are further supported by clawback provisions. This is consistent with the Group's ongoing investment in long life assets. The Committee also reviewed the movements in remuneration levels against longer term performance and total remuneration amounts against market levels generally.

The Committee is satisfied that the remuneration framework meets the requirements of the UK Corporate Governance Code (2018) and the spirit of the guidelines issued by various investment associations and large institutional investors. In particular, the following key guidance from the Financial Reporting Council was consistently taken into account by the Committee;

- clarity – remuneration arrangements should be transparent and promote effective engagement with shareholders and the workforce;
- simplicity – remuneration structures should avoid complexity and their rationale and operation should be easy to understand;
- risk – remuneration arrangements should ensure reputational and other risks from excessive rewards, and behavioural risks that can arise from target-based incentive plans, are identified and mitigated;
- predictability – the range of possible values of rewards to individual Directors and any other limits or discretions should be identified and explained at the time of approving the policy;

- proportionality – the link between individual awards, the delivery of strategy and the long-term performance of the Company should be clear. Outcomes should not reward poor performance; and
- alignment to culture – incentive schemes should drive behaviours consistent with Company purpose, values and strategy.

As a Committee, we are satisfied we have met the principles of the Code set out above while designing a policy that reflects our overarching aims of driving a sense of ownership among executive Directors as the most effective means of delivering long-term value for stakeholders. We believe that by ensuring at least 50 per cent of variable remuneration (and often more) is delivered in equity with a five-year time horizon speaks to that aim and goes well beyond the market practice of our UK and Irish peers.

Shareholder Engagement

At the 2020 AGM, we note that a minority of shareholders have raised concerns around certain aspects of the implementation of our remuneration policy. We have engaged with these shareholders explaining our approach and setting out what we believe to be mitigating practices where they consider the Company not to be aligned with voting guidelines or the evolution of their expectations. The Committee emphasises that the cornerstone of the ICG framework is to create strong alignment within the senior management team with shareholder interests. In this regard, the Company has some of the most stringent investment and holding requirements among listed companies.

The Committee is also satisfied that The Remuneration Policy being submitted to the 2021 AGM provides for a remuneration framework that avoids complexity, encourages acceptable risk taking and is aligned to long term Company performance and culture.

The Company had included disclosures in the 2019 Annual Report and engaged extensively with its major shareholders in advance of the 2020 AGM dealing with the two principal concerns raised being (i) CEO Performance Pay and (ii) CFO salary increase. In relation to the principal concerns of shareholders raised through the 2020 engagement process the Committee sets out its considerations below:

CEO performance pay

A number of shareholders raised the non-disclosure of metrics around the CEO performance pay. The Committee has considered this and for contractual reasons does not disclose the exact calculation methodology. The Committee remains satisfied that the outcomes reflect Group performance over the longer term. The Committee is of the view that remuneration should be aligned with the business needs and strategy of the Group.

The Committee recognises that shareholder expectations around bonus target disclosure have grown significantly and note that in general the reliance on commercial sensitivity is no longer deemed sufficient in the eyes of a number of institutions. While the Committee notes this evolution, after significant deliberations, it remains of the opinion that the disclosure of the annual EPS performance conditions would be potentially detrimental to the business and has determined that it will not be disclosed for the past year. As part of its deliberations, the Committee was conscious of the market in which the business operates, with major competitors not publicly listed and thus not subject to the same level of scrutiny on bonus disclosure targets.

In terms of quantum, the Committee notes that no bonuses were paid during the past fiscal year, which points to the underlying pay-for-performance nature of the CEO's legacy contractual arrangement and the alignment with EPS – whether positive or negative. As a reference point, the Committee has also reviewed benchmarking data and satisfied itself that the total overall remuneration of the CEO is not out of alignment with market norms through comparison with CEO remuneration of ISEQ 20 and FTSE 250 companies. The Committee also noted last year that

the CEO three-year average single figure remuneration was ahead of the FTSE 250 median but below the upper quartile. The Committee notes that the CEO single figure remuneration for 2020 is 69 per cent less than the 2019 figure principally as a result of no annual performance award. While certain aspects of the Company's approach to incentivising and rewarding executives is bespoke compared to other Irish and UK peers, it has been designed to align with the values of the business; and, in an effort to drive truly meaningful alignment through a market-leading focus on equity and long-termism.

Based on the above, the Committee remains satisfied the overall remuneration outcomes for the CEO and shareholder alignment are consistent with the remuneration framework objectives.

CFO rate of salary increase

A number of shareholders also raised a concern regarding the progressive increase in the CFO's salary since his appointment to that position in 2016 as not being consistent with increases awarded generally. The Committee has previously noted that Mr. Ledwidge's salary was set at a level commensurate with his experience with the Group on appointment with the expectation that subject to individual and Group performance that this level of salary will rise progressively over a number of years to comparable levels in the market for similar roles.

The Committee conducted a rigorous assessment of Mr. Ledwidge's performance since 2016 at the end of 2019 and deemed it to have exceeded expectations. The progressive increases from an initial salary on appointment to the Board of €160,000 to €318,000, effective 1 January 2020, reflected his establishment in the role and the strength of his performance. No salary increase has been awarded in respect of 2021 consistent with increases generally across the Group. Notwithstanding these increases, the Committee notes that the current salary level remains at the lower quartile levels of FTSE 250 and ISEQ 20 companies. Recognising that shareholders raised concerns around the level of increase, as opposed to the revised salary level, the Committee is satisfied that the approach taken was in line with good governance, with salary set in the lower decile on appointment.

94 Report of the Remuneration Committee

Continued

Implementation of the Policy in 2021

During 2021, there will not be substantive changes to our approach to incentivising and rewarding employees. The framework set out below will operate for the executive Directors:

Annual Bonus Plan

For the CEO, any bonus in 2021 will continue to be based on an EPS-based formula, in combination with Committee discretion to reflect wider circumstances.

For the CFO, and in light of feedback from shareholders, the Committee has put in place certain pillars for 2021 to replace the purely discretionary approach previously employed. The CFO's bonus will be based on performance in the following financial and non-financial areas:

- Financial measures include profitability, cash generation and balance sheet strength.
- Personal objectives include a range of non-financial targets including ESG issues.

In the event of any pay-out under the annual bonus scheme, at least half of awards will be subject to investment in equity with a holding period in excess of five years. The Committee remains satisfied that these arrangements remain the most stringent in the Irish market.

Performance Share Plan

The past 12 to 18 months has tested all companies' ability to set targets under long-term incentive schemes, which remain a core part of our incentive framework. Having conducted a rigorous review of the performance conditions under the PSP, for the 2021 grants, the Committee determined that the retention of the existing metrics evenly weighted remained appropriate. The Committee considered the negative diluted adjusted earnings per share reported in the 2020 Financial Statements and acknowledging the uncertainties around the lifting of Covid-19 travel restrictions set the EPSd growth target from a base of 0.1 cent. The targets for the measures remain unchanged from previous years, and reflect the Committee's evaluation of internal modelling and external forecasts:

	Vesting Threshold	
	Minimum	Maximum
EPSd growth	5%	12%
ROACE	13%	20%
FCFR	100%	130%
TSR	Median	Top Quartile

Directors' Remuneration Policy for Future Years

In accordance with the SRD II Directive transposed into Irish law by the European Union (Shareholders' Rights) Regulations 2020 (Regulations), ICG will submit its remuneration policy to a vote of shareholders at the 2021 AGM. In accordance with SRD II the shareholder vote will be advisory. Details of The Remuneration Policy will be included with the AGM circular.

Remuneration Outcomes for Executive Directors in 2020

Total Directors' single figure remuneration for the year was €1,586,000 compared with €3,686,000 in 2019 and details are set in the table below:

	Performance pay							Total 2020
	Base salary	Restricted shares	Cash	Benefits	Pension	Options / PSP ^{1/2}	Fees	
	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000
Executive Directors								
E. Rothwell	580	-	-	35	-	241	-	856
D. Ledwidge	318	-	-	22	43	72	-	455
Total for executives	898	-	-	57	43	313	-	1,311
Non-executive Directors								
J. B. McGuckian	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	125
C. Duffy	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	50
B. O'Kelly	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	50
J. Sheehan	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	50
Total for non-executives	-	-	-	-	-	-	275	275
Total	898	-	-	57	43	313	275	1,586

1 34 per cent of the options granted on 9 March 2018 under the PSP are expected to vest during 2021 based on performance to 31 December 2020, subject to continued employment up to the vesting date.

2 The value of any options vesting will be based on the actual share price at date of vesting. For the purposes of the above disclosure, the value of an option has been based on the difference between the option subscription price and the average closing price of an ICG Unit between 1 October and 31 December 2020.

Details of Directors' remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2019 are set out below:

	Performance Pay							Total 2019
	Base salary	Restricted shares	Cash	Benefits	Pension	Options / PSP ¹	Fees	
	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000
Executive Directors								
E. Rothwell	566	1,558	-	35	-	593	-	2,752
D. Ledwidge	254	76	90	22	36	181	-	659
Total for executives	820	1,634	90	57	36	774	-	3,411
Non-executive Directors								
J. B. McGuckian	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	125
C. Duffy	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	50
B. O'Kelly	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	50
J. Sheehan	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	50
Total for non-executives	-	-	-	-	-	-	275	275
Total	820	1,634	90	57	36	774	275	3,686

1 The value of options which vested during 2020 based on financial performance to 31 December 2019 reported in the prior year based on the average closing price of an ICG Unit between 1 October 2019 and 31 December 2019 has been restated based on the actual closing price on the vesting date. The restatement amounted to a reduction in the previously reported benefit of €305,000 in respect of Eamonn Rothwell and €84,000 in respect of David Ledwidge.

96 Report of the Remuneration Committee

Continued

Remuneration Outcomes for Executive Directors in 2020 – continued

The information above forms an integral part of the audited Consolidated Financial Statements as described in the Basis of Preparation on page 128.

Base Salary

Eamonn Rothwell, CEO, was awarded an increase in base salary of 2.5% for 2020 over his 2019 base salary. This was in line with the base salary increase awarded to all employees who are not accruing benefits under any of the Group's defined benefit pension schemes. In terms of a wider comparator group the Committee noted that the CEO pay level was below median base salaries of FTSE 250 constituent companies.

David Ledwidge, CFO, was appointed to the Board on 3 March 2016. His salary at that date was set at a level commensurate with his experience with the Group, with the expectation that subject to individual and Group performance that this level of salary will rise progressively over a number of years to comparable levels in the market for similar roles. Against these considerations, the Committee awarded David a 25 per cent increase in annualised base salary for 2020 to more closely reflect market levels.

The adjustments to salary for all employees were effective from 1 January 2020.

Director's Pension Benefits

The aggregate pension benefits attributable to the executive Directors at 31 December 2020 are set out below:

	E. Rothwell	D. Ledwidge	Total 2020	Total 2019
	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000
Increase in accumulated accrued annual benefits (excluding inflation) in the period	-	1	1	1
Transfer value of the increase in accumulated accrued benefits (excluding inflation) at year end*	-	4	4	4
Accumulated accrued annual benefits on leaving service at year end	-	17	17	16

* Note: Calculated in accordance with actuarial guidance note GNII.

There were no pension benefits attributable to Eamonn Rothwell as he has reached normal retirement age and pension benefits have vested.

With regard to David Ledwidge, costs in relation to defined benefit pension arrangements were €20,000 (2019: €20,000) with a further €23,000 (2019: €16,000) related to the defined contribution pension arrangements.

The Company also provides lump sum death in service benefits and the premiums paid during the year amounted to €6,000 and €1,000 in relation to Eamonn Rothwell and David Ledwidge respectively.

Performance Related Pay

Eamonn Rothwell

Eamonn Rothwell has been with ICG since its inception as a public company and flotation in 1988. A legacy contractual arrangement governs Mr. Rothwell's performance related pay.

The CEO annual bonus performance award is predominantly driven by a formula based on basic EPS growth which incorporates an adjustment for share buybacks. The Committee also retain discretion to make adjustments for any non-cash non-trading items. The Company believes that EPS is consistent and transparent and EPS growth drives long-term value creation for all stakeholders. EPS is the key performance indicator by which the Board assesses the overall performance of the Company and, as such, the Committee deems it an appropriate incentive for the Company's most senior employee.

The Committee reassessed the CEO performance arrangements and in its view the arrangements remain the most effective means of driving performance and aligning the interests of the CEO and shareholders.

The Committee considered the performance of Mr. Rothwell and the significant effort expended in managing and protecting the Group's businesses throughout the government imposed Covid-19 travel restrictions. Noting the long standing legacy arrangement regarding his annual performance award, and to ensure consistent application, the Committee did not consider it appropriate to exercise discretion to adjust formulaic outcome. The Committee considered zero payout as reflective of overall Company performance and stakeholder experience in the period.

David Ledwidge

David Ledwidge was appointed executive Director in 2016. The Committee assessed Mr. Ledwidge's performance in his role over the period and concluded that Mr. Ledwidge was performing in line with expectations and contributing positively to the longer term development of the Group. The Committee acknowledged Mr. Ledwidge's significant effort during the year in managing the Group's finances against the difficult trading environment together with the completion of the significant pensioner buyout transaction. While noting the above and that Mr. Ledwidge's annual performance arrangements for 2020 remained discretionary, the Committee decided that it would not be appropriate to grant a performance award in light of the 2020 financial results.

Restricted Shares

As no annual performance awards were made relating to the year ended 2020, no restricted shares were awarded.

Long Term Incentive

(i) Grants during 2020

The long term incentive scheme applicable for the 2020 financial year was the PSP approved by shareholders on 17 May 2017. The Committee had suspended future awards under the legacy 2009 Share Option Plan which remains in place to facilitate the administration of previously granted options.

On 6 March 2020 the Committee granted options over 1,120,500 ICG Units to employees of the Group. These included an annual award of options granted to Mr. Rothwell and Mr. Ledwidge in line with the annual limits set out in the PSP rules being 200 per cent and 150 per cent of salary respectively. The total number of options granted to Mr. Rothwell and Mr. Ledwidge based on a share price of €3.90 were 297,000 and 122,000 respectively.

Vesting of these awards are based on the achievement of the following performance conditions over a three-year vesting period;

- Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share (EPSd)
- Return on Average Capital Employed (ROACE)
- Free Cash Flow Ratio (FCFR)
- Total Shareholder Return (TSR)

98 Report of the Remuneration Committee

Continued

Remuneration Outcomes for Executive Directors in 2020 – continued

Performance Related Pay – continued

Each condition is equally weighted and in all cases 30 per cent vests at threshold performance and 100 per cent vests at maximum with pro-rata vesting between these two levels.

The performance levels were calibrated as follows;

	Vesting Threshold	
	Minimum	Maximum
EPSd	5%	12%
ROACE	13%	20%
FCFR	100%	130%
TSR	Median	Top Quartile

The TSR is measured against a combination of the performance of the FTSE 250 index and a grouping of peer companies comprising DFDS, Tallink Grupp, Viking Line, Air-France KLM, Ryanair, EasyJet, Getlink, Origin Enterprises, Dalata Hotel Group and C&C Group.

The Committee notes the timing of grant of awards in the first quarter of 2020 and the perception that participants may benefit from 'windfall gains' where awards were made of a value which may have been impacted by external factors – in this case the Covid-19 pandemic. While there was some recognition of an emerging risk in regions of the world at the time of grant, awards were made in line with the normal cycle and in an environment where the scale and depth of the government imposed lockdowns was largely unknown. PSP awards granted were calculated based on a share price of €3.90, the closing share price on the day preceding the award date.

(ii) Options Vested during 2020

As reported in last year's report the Committee determined based on performance up to 31 December

2019; (i) the full vesting of second tier options granted on 5 March 2015 under the legacy Share Option Plan at an exercise price of €3.58, vesting in total 905,000 options and (ii) the vesting of the options granted under the PSP on 23 May 2017 at an exercise price of €0.065 at a vesting rate of 44 per cent, vesting 460,424 options in total.

Mr. Rothwell held 350,000 of the options vested under the legacy scheme and held 130,385 of the PSP vested options. Share option remuneration of €898,000 based on the market price at the vesting date has been disclosed in the 2019 remuneration table (adjusting the €593,000 previously disclosed last year which was estimated based on year end 2019 share prices). Under the rules of the PSP, the 130,385 PSP options which vested were exercised and are subject to retention in trust for a period of five years.

Mr. Ledwidge held 75,000 of the options vested under the legacy scheme and 44,500 of the PSP vested options. Share option remuneration of €181,000 based on the market price at the vesting date has been disclosed in the 2019 remuneration table (adjusting the €265,000 previously disclosed last year which was estimated based on year end 2019 prices). Under the rules of the PSP, the 44,500 PSP options which vested were exercised and 39,605 are subject to retention in trust for a period of five years.

The share price at date of vesting was €4.39 for the legacy options and €3.30 for the PSP options.

(iii) Options expected to vest during 2021 based on performance to 31 December 2020

The Committee has considered the performance conditions attaching to the options granted under the PSP on 9 March 2018 which are tested against Group performance up to 31 December 2020. The 2020 outcomes have been adjusted for the effects of the application of IFRS 16 Leases so that the diluted earnings per share, return on average capital employed and free cash flow ratio metrics are comparable over the performance period. The table below shows the expected vesting on each metric.

Performance Condition	Weighting	Threshold	Maximum	Actual	Outcome
Diluted adjusted earnings per share	25%	33.3c	40.5c	(4.3)c	0% out of 25%
Return on average capital employed	25%	13%	20%	13.5%	9% out of 25%
Free cash flow ratio	25%	100%	130%	161.9%	25% out of 25%
Total shareholder return	25%	(17.6)%	5.8%	(27.9)%	0% out of 25%

30 per cent vesting occurs at threshold performance increasing pro-rata up to the maximum vesting threshold. Vesting will be conditional on the continued employment of the option holders at the vesting date in 2021. At 31 December 2020 there were 651,640 outstanding options granted on 9 March 2018, including 189,000 and 56,500 options in favour of Mr. Rothwell and Mr. Ledwidge respectively of which 64,260 and 19,210 are expected to vest during 2021 under the above performance outturns.

The gross value of those options expected to vest in favour of the executive Directors based on performance to 31 December 2020 has been included in the total Director remuneration table for year ended 31 December 2020, based on an estimated share price of €3.82, being the average closing price of an ICG Unit between 1 October 2020 and 31 December 2020.

(iv) Options Held

Details of movements in share options granted to Directors under the Performance Share Plan and the legacy Share Option Plan are set out in the table below:

Option Type	Date of Grant	31-Dec-19	Granted	Vested	Exercised	Lapsed	31-Dec-20	Option Price (€)	Earliest Vesting Date	Latest Expiry Date
E. Rothwell										
<i>Unvested</i>										
Second Tier Share Option	5-Mar-15	350,000	-	(350,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Performance Share Plan	23-May-17	293,000	-	-	(130,385)	162,615	-	-	-	-
Performance Share Plan ¹	9-Mar-18	189,000	-	-	-	-	189,000	0.065	9-Mar-21	-
Performance Share Plan ²	5-Mar-19	226,000	-	-	-	-	226,000	0.065	5-Mar-22	-
Performance Share Plan ²	6-Mar-20	-	297,000	-	-	-	297,000	0.065	6-Mar-23	-
<i>Vested but not yet exercised</i>	5-Mar-19	350,000	-	350,000	-	-	700,000	3.58	-	4-Mar-25
		1,408,000	297,000	-	(130,385)	(162,615)	1,412,000			

Report of the Remuneration Committee

Continued

Remuneration Outcomes for Executive Directors in 2020 – continued

Option Type	Date of Grant	31-Dec-19	Granted	Vested	Exercised	Lapsed	31-Dec-20	Option Price (€)	Earliest Vesting Date	Latest Expiry Date
D. Ledwidge										
<i>Unvested</i>										
Second Tier Share Option	5-Mar-15	75,000	-	(75,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Performance Share Plan	23-May-17	100,000	-	-	(44,500)	(55,500)	-	-	-	-
Performance Share Plan ¹	9-Mar-18	56,500	-	-	-	-	56,500	0.065	9-Mar-21	-
Performance Share Plan ²	05-Mar-19	76,000	-	-	-	-	76,000	0.065	5-Mar-22	-
Performance Share Plan ²	6-Mar-20	-	122,000	-	-	-	122,000	0.065	6-Mar-23	-
<i>Vested but not yet exercised</i>	5-Mar-15	75,000	-	75,000	-	-	150,000	3.58	-	4-Mar-25
		382,500	122,000	-	(44,500)	(55,500)	404,500			

1 These options are expected to vest during 2021 at a vesting rate of 34 per cent based on performance to 31 December 2020 and the gross value has been included in the Director remuneration schedule. The delivered shares less any permitted sales to discharge tax liabilities, will be held in trust for a period of five years from the exercise date.

2 These options will vest and become exercisable three years from the third anniversary of grant in accordance with achievement of the performance conditions set out in the remuneration framework table. These options will normally have to be exercised on or shortly after the vesting date and the delivered shares, less any permitted sales to discharge tax liabilities, held in trust for a period of five years from the exercise date.

Other Matters

Minimum Shareholding Requirements

The Company encourages individuals to acquire and retain significant shareholdings to align interests of management with those of shareholders. The Company has a minimum shareholding requirement for executive Directors and members of the Executive Management Team to hold shares to a market value of three times base salary within five years of date of appointment. The market value inherent in vested options and any shares held under the Company's restricted share arrangements will count towards determining an individual's holdings.

The market value of the holdings of executive Directors and executive management at 31 December 2020 as a multiple of salary at that date are shown in the following table:

	Salary multiple held
Eamonn Rothwell	233.3 times
David Ledwidge	2.3 times
Other executive management	6.6 times

The Committee noted that Mr. Ledwidge will have served five years as an executive Director in March 2021. Given that no annual performance awards were made in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020, the period allowed for Mr. Ledwidge to attain the minimum holding requirement has been extended by one year.

Non-Executive Directors

Non-executive Directors receive a fee which is set by the Committee and approved by the Board. They do not participate in any of the Company's performance award plans or pension schemes. As part of the overall review of remuneration structures the Committee recommended the fee payable to the Board Chairman to be the same as the prior year at €125,000 per annum and other non-executive Directors

at €50,000. The fee levels are considered in line with the market norm generally and reflective of the levels of commitment expected from persons holding non-executive directorship positions.

Non-executive Directors do not have notice periods and the Company has no obligation to pay compensation when their appointment ceases. The letters of appointment are available for inspection at the Company's registered office during normal business hours and at the AGM.

Director's Service contracts

Non-executive Directors have been appointed under letters of appointment for periods of three years subject to annual re-election at the AGM.

In respect of Mr. Eamonn Rothwell, CEO, there is an agreement between the Company and Mr. Rothwell that, for management retention reasons, in the event of a change in control of the Company (where over 50 per cent of the Company is acquired by a party or parties acting in concert, excluding Mr. Rothwell) he will have the right to extend his notice period to two years or to receive remuneration in lieu thereof.

This amendment to Mr. Rothwell's contract of employment was agreed by the Remuneration Committee a number of years ago to retain and motivate the CEO during a series of attempted corporate takeover actions.

The letters of appointment for other executive Directors do not provide for any compensation for loss of office other than for payments in lieu of notice and, except as may be required under Irish law, the maximum amount payable upon termination is limited to 12 months equivalent.

On termination, outstanding options may at the absolute discretion of the Committee, be retained by the departing individual in accordance with the good leaver / bad leaver provisions of the relevant plan. Any shares delivered to an individual which are subject to a retention period will remain unavailable to the individual until the end of the retention period and where applicable will be subject to clawback under the provisions of the Clawback Policy.

Share Option Schemes

There were no long-term incentive plans in place during the year other than the Group's 2009 share option plans (suspended as regards new grants) and the PSP.

The purpose of the share option plans is to encourage identification of option holders with shareholders' longer term interests. Under the plans, options have been granted both to Directors and to employees of the Group. The options were granted by the Committee on a discretionary basis, based on the employees expected contribution to the Group in the future. Non-executive Directors are not eligible to participate in the plan.

In the ten year period ended 31 December 2020, the total number of options granted, net of options lapsed amounted to 4.1% of the issued share capital of the Company at 31 December 2020.

A charge is recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement in respect of share options issued to executive Directors. The charge in respect of executive Directors for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 is €715,000 (2019: €901,000).

Clawback Policy

The Committee recognises that there could potentially be circumstances in which performance related pay (either annual bonuses, and / or longer term incentive awards) is paid based on misstated results or inappropriate conduct resulting in material damage to the Company. Whilst the Company has robust management and internal controls in place to minimise any such risk, the Committee has in place formal clawback arrangements for the protection of the Company and its investors. The clawback of performance related pay comprising the annual bonus and PSP awards would apply in certain circumstances including;

- a material misstatement of the Company's financial results;
- a material breach of an executive's contract of employment;
- any wilful misconduct, recklessness, and / or fraud resulting in serious injury to the financial condition or business reputation of the Company.

For executive Directors and members of the Executive Management Team a minimum of 50 per cent of the annual bonus will be invested in ICG equity which must be held for a period of five years, which will be subject to clawback for a period of two years per the circumstances noted above. Any awards granted under the PSP will be subject to clawback during the vesting period and any shares delivered on vesting will be subject to clawback for an initial two year period per the circumstances noted above.

Report of the Remuneration Committee

Continued

Remuneration Outcomes for Executive Directors in 2020 – continued

Other matters – continued

Post-employment holdings

The Committee, in designing its performance pay initiatives, as explained below, has ensured that executive Directors and senior managers retain an appropriate level of shareholding post-employment. For the past eight years, the Company has had a structure in place under which all equity awarded to executives (either under the annual bonus plan or PSP) is placed in a trust for a period of five years. Executives are restricted from disposing of those shares during this five year period even in circumstances where they are no longer in the employment of the Company. This ensures strong alignment with investors and other stakeholders' post-employment and ensures that departing executives retain an interest in the business for a significant period after leaving the Company.

Consequently, under the annual bonus scheme a minimum of 50 per cent of an annual award must be invested in equity and held in trust for a holding period of five years. Similarly, any shares delivered pursuant to the vesting of options under the PSP must normally be held in trust for a holding period of five years. Therefore, at termination executive Directors and senior management participating in these schemes will contractually retain an interest in equity for a period of up to five years post-employment, proportional to the amount of variable pay awarded over the final five years of employment. At 31 December 2020 the following vested share awards were held in employee trusts relating to members of the Executive Management Team with release dates between January 2021 and June 2025.

	No. shares	Value €m	Salary multiple held	Release profile
Eamonn Rothwell	2,555,114	11.5	19.8 times	2.2 years
David Ledwidge	130,758	0.6	1.9 times	2.5 years
Other executive management	647,048	2.9	3.5 times	2.9 years

External Appointments

No executive Director retained any remuneration receivable in relation to external Board appointments.

Payments to former Directors

There were no pension payments or other payments for loss of office paid to any former Directors during the year.

External Advisers

The Committee sought assistance from Mercer in relation to an assessment of the achievement of the performance conditions applicable to the May 2018 awards under the PSP. Mercer are members of the Remuneration Consultants Group and signatories to its Code of Conduct. Other than the services above, Mercer did not provide any other services to the Group in the period 1 January 2020 to the date of this report.

Market price of shares

The closing price of the shares on Euronext Dublin on 31 December 2020 was €4.50 and the range during the year was €2.30 to €5.03.

Brian O'Kelly

Chair of the Remuneration Committee

Report of the Directors

103

The Directors present their Report together with the audited Financial Statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

Results for the year and Business Developments

Details of the results for the financial year are set out in the Consolidated Income Statement on page 122 and in the related notes forming part of the Financial Statements. The fair review of the development of the business of the Company and its subsidiaries is set out in the Business Review on pages 4 to 65. This includes a description of the principal activities, principal risks, uncertainties, alternative performance measures and environmental and employee matters.

Research and Development

The Group actively monitors developments in vessel design and vessel availability with an emphasis on product improvement, environmental efficiency and achievement of economies of scale.

Dividend and Share Buyback

The Group did not pay any dividends during financial year 2020 and is not proposing a final dividend in respect of financial year 2020.

The Group announced on 1 July that it would withdraw its proposal to pay the final dividend in respect of financial year 2019, that had been previously announced on 5 March 2020. This was due to the Board decision to conserve cash following the uncertainty arising from the introduction of government Covid-19 measures.

The Company has adopted a progressive dividend policy since 2010 the aim of which is to gradually increase or at least maintain the annual total dividend per share over the medium term. Any dividend is declarable at the discretion of the Directors following assessment of the Company's performance, its cash resources and distributable reserves. At 31 December 2020 the Company's retained earnings amounted to €153.7 million all of which were considered to be distributable.

The Company during financial year 2020 bought back 570,000 (2019: 2,900,000) of its shares, representing 0.3% (2019: 1.5%) of its issued share capital at 1 January 2020 for a total consideration of €1.7 million (2019: €12.9 million). Further details are contained at note 20 to the Financial Statements.

Board of Directors

The Company's Constitution requires that one third of the Directors are required to retire from office at each AGM of the Company. However, in accordance with the provisions contained in the UK Corporate Governance Code, the Board has decided that all Directors should retire at the 2021 AGM and offer themselves for re-election. Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 68 to 70 of this report and the result of the annual board evaluation is set out on pages 77 to 78.

Accounting Records

The Directors believe that they have complied with the requirements of Section 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to maintaining adequate accounting records by employing accounting personnel with appropriate expertise and by providing adequate resources to the finance function. The accounting records of the Company are maintained at the Company's registered office, Irish Continental Group plc, Ferryport, Alexandra Road, Dublin 1, Ireland.

Non-Financial Information

The Group is not subject to the reporting requirements of the European Union (Disclosure of Non-Financial and Diversity Information by certain large undertakings and groups) Regulations 2017 (as amended). Notwithstanding the Group provides certain non-financial information in its sustainability review contained at pages 40 to 53.

Going Concern

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The Directors report that, after making inquiries, they have a reasonable expectation at the time of approving the Financial Statements, that the Group and Company are going concerns, having adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. In forming this view, the Directors have considered the future cash requirements of the Group and Company in the context of the economic environment of 2021, the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group (pages 57 to 61), the Group's 2021 budget plan and the medium-term strategy of the Group, including capital investment plans. The future cash requirements have been compared to bank facilities which are available to the Group and Company.

Report of the Directors

Continued

Going Concern – continued

The introduction of measures in response to Covid-19 by governments in the jurisdictions in which we operate services at various times during the financial year 2020 had a material effect on the Group's financial results. This was particularly concentrated on our passenger business where international travel was restricted to essential purposes resulting in a fall in passenger revenues of 66.3% compared to 2019 levels. The Group has, despite the imposition of restrictions, continued to operate its passenger services on all routes in conjunction with its RoRo services.

Notwithstanding the downturn in profitability due to reduced passenger revenues, the Group's RoRo, LoLo and port stevedoring services operated largely in line with expectations and the Group generated cash from operations of €51.2 million (2019: €89.5 million) in financial year 2020, with free cash flow after maintenance capital expenditures of €35.3 million (2019: €73.2 million). The Group retained cash balances and committed undrawn facilities at 31 December 2020 of €240.8 million and had agreed an increase in leverage covenants with its lenders from 3 times to 4 times EBITDA. The leverage covenant level at 31 December 2020 calculated in accordance with the lending agreements, was 1.7 times.

Government imposed travel restrictions have continued into 2021 and there is uncertainty as to the duration and continuing severity of these restrictions. In addition, there has been some disruption to RoRo revenues on our Ireland – UK routes in early 2021 following the ending of the Brexit transition period on 31 December 2020 and the imposition of custom controls. Following a material drop in RoRo carryings in the early weeks of 2021, carryings have been trending upwards and the revenue losses on the UK routes have been significantly replaced with revenues on our direct services to France.

In making their going concern assessment, the Directors have considered a number of trading scenarios including a continuation of current level of travel restrictions to March 2022. This modelling assumed full schedule of services of the conventional ferry fleet and cash management within the terms of the Group's existing financing arrangements. Based on this modelling the Directors believe the Group retains sufficient liquidity to operate for at least the period up to March 2022.

Viability Statement

The Directors have assessed ICG's viability over a timeframe of five years which the Directors believe reflects an appropriate timeframe for performing

realistic assessments of future performance given the dynamic nature of our markets as regards the competitive landscape, economic activity, long-life assets and the continued capital investment commitments relating to our fleet and terminal operations.

In making their assessment, the Directors took account of ICG's current financial and operational positions and contracted capital expenditure. These positions were then rolled forward based on a set of assumptions on expected outcomes to arrive at a base projection. Sensitivity analysis was then performed on the base projection against potential financial and operational impacts, in severe but plausible scenarios, of the principal risks and uncertainties and the likely degree of effectiveness of current and available mitigating actions as set out on pages 57 to 61. It was further assumed that functioning financial markets exist throughout the assessment period with bank lending available to the Group on normal terms and covenants. The process which was performed by management was subject to examination and challenge by the Directors.

Based on this assessment, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group will be able to continue in operation and meet all their liabilities as they fall due over the five years' assessment period.

Directors' Compliance Statement

The Directors acknowledge that they are responsible for securing compliance by the Company with its Relevant Obligations as defined by the Companies Act 2014 (the Relevant Obligations).

The Directors confirm that they have drawn up and adopted a compliance policy statement setting out the Company's policies that, in the Directors' opinion, are appropriate to the Company with respect to compliance with its Relevant Obligations.

The Directors further confirm the Company has put in place appropriate arrangements or structures that are, in the Directors' opinion, designed to secure material compliance with its Relevant Obligations. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Directors have reviewed the effectiveness of these arrangements and structures during the financial year to which this Report relates.

In discharging its obligations under the Companies Act 2014, as set out above, the Directors have relied on the advice of persons employed by the Company or retained by it under a contract for services, who the Directors believe to have the requisite knowledge and experience to advise the Company on compliance with its Relevant Obligations.

Disclosure of Information to Statutory Auditors

In accordance with the provisions of Section 330 of the Companies Act 2014, each Director of the Company at the date of approval of this report individually confirms that;

- So far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information, as defined in the Companies Act 2014, of which the Statutory Auditor is unaware; and
- They have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information (as defined) and to ensure that the Statutory Auditor is aware of such information.

International Financial Reporting Standards

ICG presents its Financial Statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union. The Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and

Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 January 2020 and that have been adopted by the European Union.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Group has a risk management structure in place which is designed to identify, manage and mitigate the threats to the business. The key risks facing the Group include strategic, operational, financial and, information technology and cyber risks arising in the ordinary course of business. Further details of risks and uncertainties are set out on pages 57 to 61.

Substantial Shareholdings

The latest notifications of interests of 3 per cent or more in the share capital of the Company received by the Company on or before 10 March 2021 and as at 31 December 2020 were as follows:

Beneficial Holder as Notified	10 March 2021		31 December 2020	
	Number of Units	% of Issued Units	Number of Units	% of Issued Units
Eamonn Rothwell	29,922,604	16.0%	29,921,594	16.0%
Wellington Management Company, LLP	18,666,332	9.9%	18,666,332	9.9%
Ameriprise Financial Inc.	16,862,148	9.0%	16,862,148	9.0%
Marathon Asset Management, LLP	11,217,093	5.9%	12,878,846	6.8%
Kinney Asset Management, LLC	11,444,752	6.1%	11,444,752	6.1%
FMR, LLC	6,229,035	3.3%	6,229,035	3.3%
Brewin Dolphin Wealth Management	5,895,833	3.1%	5,895,833	3.1%
BlackRock Inc.	-	-	8,007,095	4.2%

Directors, Secretary and their Interests

The interests of the Directors and Secretary of the Company and their spouses and minor children in the share capital of the Company at 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2020 all of which were beneficial, were as follows:

Director	31/12/2020 ICG Units	01/01/2020 ICG Units	31/12/2020 Share Options	01/01/2020 Share Options
John B. McGuckian	296,140	296,140	-	-
Eamonn Rothwell	30,030,114	29,899,729	1,412,000	1,408,000
Catherine Duffy	-	-	-	-
David Ledwidge	130,758	97,938	404,500	382,500
Brian O'Kelly	41,740	41,740	-	-
John Sheehan	80,000	15,000	-	-
Company Secretary				
Thomas Corcoran	246,064	213,579	475,500	470,500

Note: Lesley Williams was appointed to the Board on 4 January 2021, and therefore is not included in the above table.

ICG Units are explained on page 198 of this report.

Report of the Directors

Continued

Auditors

As required under Section 381(1)(b) of the Companies Act 2014, the AGM agenda will include a resolution authorising the Directors to fix the remuneration of the auditors.

Section 383 of the Companies Act 2014 provides for the automatic re-appointment of the auditor of an Irish company at a company's AGM, unless the auditor has given notice in writing of his unwillingness to be re-appointed or a resolution has been passed at that meeting appointing someone else or providing expressly that the incumbent auditor shall not be re-appointed.

As outlined in the Audit Committee Report on page 87, the Company is engaged in a competitive tender process and the Board expect to replace Deloitte Ireland LLP as the Company's auditor with effect from the 2021 financial year. An ordinary resolution confirming the appointing of a replacement auditor will be proposed at the 2021 AGM.

Corporate Governance

The Group applies the principles and provisions of The UK Corporate Governance Code (2018) as adopted by Euronext Dublin and the UK Financial Conduct Authority and of the Irish Corporate Governance Annex (the Irish Annex) issued by Euronext Dublin. A Corporate Governance Report is set out on pages 71 to 83 and is incorporated into this Report by cross reference.

The Group has established an Audit Committee whose Report is included at pages 84 to 87.

Key Performance Indicators

The Group uses a set of headline Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) to measure the performance of its operations. These KPIs are set out on pages 22 to 25 and are incorporated into this report by cross reference.

Future Developments

The duration of the travel restrictions and other measures introduced by various governments in the jurisdictions in which we offer services will continue to create uncertainty in relation to our passenger revenues in 2021. The Group expects that as vaccine programs are rolled out to the population at large, passenger volumes will return. However, the other revenue streams are largely unaffected and the Group is expected to remain in a cash generative position. Current disruptions to RoRo freight activity in early 2021 are expected to dissipate as trade to our nearest neighbour acclimatises to the new post-Brexit regulatory environment.

Despite the current uncertainties, given the Group's strong financial position it is well placed to take advantage of opportunities in its area of competence. While the cancellation of our second new vessel with the contracted shipyard was a disappointment, it does not affect the near-term trading capacity of the Group. The Group continues to evaluate the optimisation of its fleet to meet future requirements. Having concluded an agreement with Dublin Port, the Group is looking forward to taking charge of Ireland's new inland port during 2021. It is also continuing the capacity expansion of its container terminal at Dublin Port with the continuation of the program of replacing existing diesel powered equipment with environmentally friendly, remotely controlled electric units. The Group notes the ever increasing expectations and regulatory requirements to reduce the effects of its operational footprint on the environment. While the Group acknowledges that its operations have an inevitable effect on the environment, reducing this effect is embedded within the Group's strategy through achievement of efficiencies.

Events after the Reporting Period

No events have occurred between 31 December 2020 and the date of approval of these Financial Statements which require to be separately reported.

Annual Report and Financial Statements

This Annual Report together with the Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 was approved by the Directors on 10 March 2021. The Directors consider that the Annual Report and Financial Statements, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance, business model and strategy.

Annual General Meeting

Notice of the AGM, which will be held on 12 May 2021, will be notified to shareholders in April 2021.

On behalf of the Board

Eamonn Rothwell,
Director

David Ledwidge,
Director

10 March 2021
Registered Office: Ferryport, Alexandra Road,
Dublin 1, Ireland.

Director's Responsibility Statement

107

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Group and Company Financial Statements, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Company law requires the Directors to prepare Group and Company Financial Statements each year. Under that law, the Directors are required to prepare the Group Financial Statements in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union and Article 4 of the IAS regulation. The Directors have elected to prepare the Company Financial Statements in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union and as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014.

Under company law, the Directors must not approve the Group and Company Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Group and Company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Group for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014. In preparing each of the Group and Company Financial Statements, the Directors are required to;

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state that the Financial Statements comply with IFRS as adopted by the European Union as applied in accordance with the Companies Act 2014; and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union and comply with Irish statute comprising the Companies Act 2014 and in regard to the Group Financial Statements, Article 4 of IAS Regulation. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included in the Group's and Company's website (www.icg.ie).

Legislation in Ireland governing the preparation and dissemination of Financial Statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

The Directors of Irish Continental Group acknowledge these responsibilities and accordingly have prepared this Consolidated Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 in compliance with the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1606/2002, regulations 4 and 5 of Statutory Instrument No. 277 of 2007 of Ireland, the Transparency Rules of the Central Bank of Ireland, the applicable IFRS as adopted by the European Union, the Companies Act 2014 and the Listing Rules issued by Euronext Dublin.

Each of the Directors, whose names and functions are listed on pages 68 and 70 of the Annual Report confirms that to the best of each person's knowledge and belief;

- the Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 have been prepared in accordance with IFRS and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole;
- the Operating and Financial Review includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and the position of the Company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face; and
- the Annual Report and Financial Statements, taken as a whole, are fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Group's position and performance, business model and strategy.

This responsibility statement was approved by the Board of Directors on 10 March 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Eamonn Rothwell,
Director

David Ledwidge,
Director